

n-Heptanal 10960

Version / Revision6.02Revision Date10-Feb-2021Supersedes Version6.01***Issuing date10-Feb-2021

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the substance/preparation n-Heptanal

CAS-No 111-71-7

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance /

Preparation

Intermediate

Uses advised against None

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier OQ Chemicals Corporation

15375 Memorial Drive West Memorial Place I

Suite 300

Houston, TX 77079

USA

Phone +1 346 378 7300

Product Information Product Stewardship

FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053 email: sc.psq@oq.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number NCEC +1 202 464 2554

available 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200 (GHS-US classification).

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2, H315

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B, H320

Flammable liquid Category 3, H226

Environmental hazard Aquatic Acute 2; H401; Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

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OSHA Specified Hazards

Not applicable.

2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to §1910.1200 (GHS-US labeling).

Hazard symbol(s)



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements

H226: Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H320: Causes eye irritation

H401: Toxic to aquatic life

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P280: Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

Response

P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332 + P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337 + P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage

P403 + P235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.



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2.3. Other hazards

Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	Concentration (%)
Heptanal	111-71-7	> 88,0

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Skin

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Eves

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Main symptoms

nausea, shortness of breath, dizziness.

Special hazard

Lung oedema, Lung irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General advice

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat symptomatically. In case of lung irritation, first treatment with cortisone spray.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media



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Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of: carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors

Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

Precautions for firefighting

Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Keep people away from and upwind of fire. Water run-off can cause environmental damage.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant). Water runoff can cause environmental damage.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

Methods for cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).



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6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Refill and handle product only in closed system.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Advice on the protection of the environment

See Section 8: Environmental exposure controls.

Incompatible products

acids and bases amines oxidizing agents

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care. Handle under nitrogen, protect from moisture. Keep at temperatures between -18 and 38 °C (0 and 100 °F).

Suitable material

stainless steel

Unsuitable material

mild steel

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits United States of America

No exposure limits established.



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8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate Engineering controls

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General industrial hygiene practice

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.

Suitable material butyl-rubber

Evaluation according to EN 374: level 3

Glove thickness approx 0.3 mm
Break through time approx 50 min

Suitable material nitrile rubber

Evaluation according to EN 374: level 2

Glove thickness approx 0,55 mm Break through time approx 25 min

Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Respiratory protection

Respirator with filter for organic vapour. Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (vapor or mist). Equipment should conform to NIOSH.

Environmental exposure controls

If possible use in closed systems. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. Observe the exposure limits, clean exhaust air if needed. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liquid colourless Odour fruity

Odour threshold No data available

pH 3,53 (2,03 g/l in water @ 20 °C (68 °F))

Melting point/range -43,6 °F (-42 °C)

Boiling point/range 312,8 - 320,0 °F (156 - 160 °C) @ 1 atm (101,3 kPa)

Method OECD 103

Flash point 107,6 °F (42 °C) @ 1 atm (101,3 kPa)

Method EU A.9

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Does not apply, the substance is a liquid

Lower explosion limit 0,78 Vol % Upper explosion limit 15,23 Vol %

Vapour pressure

Values [hPa] Values [kPa] Values [atm] @ °C @ °F Method 5 0,5 0.005 20 EU A.4 68 28 2,8 0.028 50 122 **EU A.4**

Vapour density 3,94 (Air = 1) @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative density

 Values
 @ °C
 @ °F
 Method

 0,819
 20
 68
 OECD 109

 Solubility
 2,03 g/l @ 68 °F (20 °C), in water, OECD 105

 log Pow
 2,8 @ 20 °C (68 °F) OECD 117

 Autoignition temperature
 401 °F (205 °C) @ 990 hPa

Method EU A.15

Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity 0,98 mPa*s @ 59 °F (15 °C)

Method dynamic

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight114,18Molecular formulaC7 H14 Olog Koc1,96 calculated

Dissociation constant pKa -5,2 @ 20 °C (68 °F), (calculated)

Oxidizing properties Does not apply, substance is not oxidising. There are no chemical groups

associated with oxidizing properties

Refractive Index 1,411 @ 68 °F (20 °C)

Explosive properties Does not apply, substance is not explosive. There are no chemical groups

associated with explosive properties

Surface tension 25,68 mN/m @ 30 °C (86 °F)

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SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions occur in the presence of acids, base or oxidizing agents. This reaction is exothermic and may create heat. When finely distributed, self-ignition is possible. May form explosive peroxides.***

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

bases, amines, acids, oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. If heated to thermal decomposition the following decomposition products may occur depending on the conditions. carbon monoxide (CO). carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

Heptanal, CAS: 111-71-7

Main symptoms

nausea, shortness of breath, dizziness.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT SE

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Acute toxicity

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Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method
Oral	LD50	> 5000 mg/kg	rat	OECD 401
Dermal	LD50	> 5000 mg/kg	rabbit	OECD 402
Inhalative	LC0	> 18,4 mg/l (4h)	rat, male/female	OECD 403

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Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Acute oral toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity
Acute inhalation toxicity

Irritation and corrosion				
Heptanal (111-71-7)				
Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method	
Skin	rabbit	irritating	OECD 404	4h
Eyes	rabbit	Mild eye irritation	40 CFR Part 163.81	
Skin	human	irritating	human skin model	

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Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

For respiratory irritation, no data are available

Sensitization				
Heptanal (111-71-7)				
Target Organ Effects	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Skin	guinea pig	not sensitizing	OECD 406	
Skin	human	not sensitizing	Maximisation Test	

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Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Skin sensitization

For respiratory sensitization, no data are available

Heptanal (111-71-7)				
Туре	Dose	Species	Method	
Subacute toxicity	NOAEL: 1750 mg/kg/d (28d)	rat, male/female	OECD 407 Oral	read across
Subacute toxicity	LOAEL: 3500 mg/kg/d (28d)	rat, male/female	OECD 407 Oral	read across
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEL: 1000 mg/kg/d (13 weeks)	rat, male/female	OECD 408 Oral	

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Assessment



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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for: STOT RE

Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Reproductive toxicity					
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Туре	Dose	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Mutagenicity		Salmonella	negative	OECD 471	In vitro study
		typhimurium		(Ames)	
Mutagenicity		mouse lymphoma	negative	OECD 476	In vitro study
		cells		(Mammalian	
				Gene Mutation)	
Mutagenicity		human	negative	OECD 473	In vitro study
		lymphocytes		(Chromosomal	
				Aberration)	
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL < 200	rat, parental,		OECD 421 Oral	read across
	mg/kg/d	female			Maternal toxicity
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL 1000	rat, 1. Generation,		OECD 421 Oral	read across
	mg/kg/d	male/female			
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 1000	rat		OECD 414, Oral	read across
	mg/kg/d				Maternal toxicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 1000	rat		OECD 414, Oral	read across
	mg/kg/d				Teratogenicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 300	rabbit		OECD 414, Oral	read across
•	mg/kg/d				Maternal toxicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL > 1000 mg/kg/d	rabbit		OECD 414, Oral	read across

Heptanal, CAS: 111-71-7 **CMR Classification**

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B

Evaluation

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

No cancer study was conducted

Note

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link:

http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity			
Heptanal (111-71-7)			
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Method
Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72h	EC50: 2,9 mg/l (Growth	OECD 201



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		rate)	
Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72h	EC50: 0,42 mg/l (Biomass)	OECD 201
Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96h	LC50: 12 mg/l	OECD 203
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	48h	EC50: 4,13 mg/l	OECD 202
Activated sludge (domestic)	3 h	EC50: 580 mg/l	OECD 209

Long term toxicity				
Heptanal (111-71-7)				
Туре	Species	Dose	Method	
Reproductive toxicity	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	EC10: 0,31 mg/l (21 h)	OECD 211	
Mortality	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	NOEC: > 0,82 mg/l (21d)	OECD 211	
Aquatic toxicity	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	NOEC: 0,92 mg/l (3d)	OECD 201 Growth rate	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Biodegradation

63 - 74 % (28 d), Sewage, aerobic, OECD 301 D.

Abiotic Degradation			
Heptanal (111-71-7)			
Туре	Result	Method	
Photolysis	Half-life (DT50): 4,2 h	calculated	
Hydrolysis	not expected		

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Heptanal (111-71-7)		
Туре	Result	Method
	2,8 @ 20 °C (68 °F)	OECD 117
BCF	No data available	_

12.4. Mobility in soil

Heptanal (111-71-7)				
Туре	Result	Method		
Surface tension	25,68 mN/m @ 30 °C (86 °F)			
Adsorption/Desorption	log Koc: 1,96	calculated		
Distribution to environmental compartments	Air: 80,8 % Soil: 2 % Water: 17,2 %	calculated		
	Sediment: 0,045 % Suspended			
	sediment: 0,0014 %			



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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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PBT and vPvB assessment

Not required

12.6. Other adverse effects

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No data available

Note

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product Information

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local statutes and possibilities for disposal.

Uncleaned empty packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

SECTION 14: Transport information

D.O.T. (49CFR)

14.1. UN number UN 3056

14.2. UN proper shipping name n-Heptaldehyde

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

Emergency Response Guide 129

ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR

14.1. UN number UN 3056

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14.2. UN proper shipping name n-Heptaldehyde

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
14.4. Packing group
14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user no data available

IMDG

14.1. UN number
UN 3056
14.2. UN proper shipping name
Heptaldehyde

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4. Packing group III
14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-D

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II not applicable of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Federal and State Regulations

Components of the product are listed in the quoted regulations. For details please refer to the regulations directly. This list is not exhaustive, please check for other applicable regulations.

Federal Regulations

This product is listed on the TSCA inventory

International Inventories

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AICS (AU)
DSL (CA)
IECSC (CN)
EC-No. 2038984 (EU)
ENCS (2)-494 (JP)
ISHL (2)-494 (JP)
KECI KE-18269 (KR)

KECI KE-18269 (KR) INSQ (MX)

PICCS (PH) TSCA (US) NZIOC (NZ)



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TCSI (TW)

SECTION 16: Other information

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Hazard Rating Systems

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)

Health Hazard 1 Fire Hazard 2 Reactivity 1

HMIS (Hazardous Material Information System)

Health Hazard 2 Flammability Physical Hazard 1

Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by ***. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage (www.chemicals.og.com).

The use of a comma in section 3 and section 7 to 12 is the same as a period.

Disclaimer

For industrial use only. The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. We do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. OQ makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning the safe use of this material in your process or in combination with other substances. User has the sole responsibility to determine the suitability of the materials for any use and the manner of use contemplated. User must meet all applicable safety and health standards.

End of Safety Data Sheet