

n-Butyl acetate

10430

Version / Revision4Revision Date31-Jan-2022Supersedes Version3.00***Issuing date31-Jan-2022

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the substance/preparation n-Butyl acetate

CAS-No 123-86-4 **EC No.** 204-658-1

Registration number (REACh) 01-2119485493-29

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Formulation

Distribution of substance

coatings cleaning agent laboratory chemicals

Uses advised against None

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company/Undertaking

Identification

OQ Chemicals GmbH Rheinpromenade 4A D-40789 Monheim Germany

OQ Chemicals Corporation

15375 Memorial Drive West Memorial Place I

Suite 300

Houston, TX 77079

USA

Product Information Product Stewardship

FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053 email: sc.psq@oq.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number +44 (0) 1235 239 671 (UK) available 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified based on Directive 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation)

Flammable liquid Category 3, H226

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Category 3, H336



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Additional information

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation).

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking. P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P261: Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapours.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P403 + P235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

Supplemental Hazard Information (EU)

EUH 066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3. Other hazards

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air

Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation

PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic

(PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	REACh-No	1272/2008/EC	Concentration (%)
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	01-2119485493-29	1 -7	> 99,0
			STOT SE 3; H336 EU H066	



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For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Eves

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Main symptoms

cough, nausea, vomiting, headache, unconsciousness, shortness of breath, dizziness, narcosis.

Special hazard

Lung oedema, central nervous system effects, Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General advice

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of: carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback Vapours may form explosive mixture with air



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5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

Precautions for firefighting

Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Keep people away from and upwind of fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

Methods for cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Advice on the protection of the environment

See Section 8: Environmental exposure controls.

Incompatible products



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strong acids and strong bases strong oxidizing agents

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care.

Suitable material

stainless steel, mild steel, aluminium

Unsuitable material

copper, Attacks some forms of plastic and rubber

Temperature class

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Formulation Distribution of substance coatings cleaning agent laboratory chemicals

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits Egypt

Egypt OELs; Threshold limits of air pollutants in the workplace (Decree No. 338, Annex 8)

Component	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL
	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	(ppm)
n-Butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	713	150	950	200

Exposure limits Israel

Israel OFI s

ISIACI OLLS							
Component	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL			
	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	(ppm)			
n-Butyl acetate		50		150			
CAS: 123-86-4							

Exposure limits South Africa



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South Africa OELs; Recommended exposure limits

Component	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL
	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	(ppm)
n-Butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4		100 ***		300 ***

Exposure limits United Arab Emirates

United Arab Emirates OELs

Component	TWA TWA (mg/m³) (ppm)		STEL (mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)
n-Butyl acetate	724 Dubai	150 Dubai	966 Dubai	200 Dubai
CAS: 123-86-4	713 Abu Dhabi	150 Abu Dhabi	950 Abu Dhabi	200 Abu Dhabi

Exposure limits Kuweit

No exposure limits established.

Note

For details and further information please refer to the original regulation.

Occupational Exposure Controls

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate Engineering controls

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

Personal protective equipment

General industrial hygiene practice

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.

Suitable material butyl-rubber

Evaluation according to EN 374: level 3

Glove thickness approx 0,3 mm Break through time approx 60 min

Suitable material polyvinylchloride / nitrile rubber

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Evaluation according to EN 374: level 2

Glove thickness approx 0,9 mm Break through time approx 30 min

Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Respiratory protection

Respirator with filter for organic vapour. Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (dust). Equipment should conform to NIOSH, EN or other applicable national standards.

Environmental exposure controls

If possible use in closed systems. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. Observe the exposure limits, clean exhaust air if needed. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceliquidColourcolourlessOdourfruityOdour threshold7 - 20 ppm

pH 6,2 (5,3 g/l in water @ 20 °C (68 °F))

Melting point/range< -90 °C (Pour point)</th>Boiling point/range126 °C @ 1013 hPaFlash point27 °C @ 1013 hPa

Method EU A.9

Evaporation rate 1,0 (n-Butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Does not apply, the substance is a liquid

Lower explosion limit 1,2 Vol % **Upper explosion limit** 7,5 Vol %

Vapour pressure

Values [kPa] Values [atm] @ °C @ °F Values [hPa] Method 0,0112 EU A.4*** 11,2 1,12 20 68 57,9 5,79 0,0579 50 122 EU A.4***

Vapour density 4,0 (Air = 1) @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative density

 Values
 @ °C
 @ °F
 Method

 0,881
 20
 68
 DIN 51757

 Solubility
 5,3 g/l @ 20 °C, in water, OECD 105

log Pow 2,3 (measured) OECD 117 Autoignition temperature 415 °C @ 1013 hPa***

Method DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature Viscosity 0,83 mPa*s @ 20 °C dynamic, OECD 114***

Oxidizing properties Does not apply, substance is not oxidising. There are no chemical groups

associated with oxidizing properties

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Does not apply, substance is not explosive. There are no chemical groups **Explosive properties**

associated with explosive properties

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight 116,16 C6 H12 O2 Molecular formula

1,27 - 1,84 calculated*** log Koc

1,393 @ 20 °C Refractive index

61,3 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F)), OECD 115 Surface tension

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

strong acids and strong bases, strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

Acute toxicity						
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)						
Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method		
Oral	LD50	10760 mg/kg	rat, female***	OECD 423		
Dermal	LD50	> 14112 mg/kg	rabbit	OECD 402		
Inhalative	LC50	> 20 mg/l (4h)	rat***	Weight of		
				evidence***		

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Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Acute oral toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity
Acute inhalation toxicity

Irritation and corrosion				
n-Butyl acetate (123-86	6-4)			
Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method	
Skin	rabbit	No skin irritation	OECD 404	
Eyes	rabbit	No eye irritation	OECD 405	
Respiratory tract	human	Low irritating		
		potential		

n-Butyl acetate, CAS: 123-86-4

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

skin irritation/corrosion eye irritation/corrosion respiratory irritation

Sensitization					
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)					
Target Organ Effects	Species	Evaluation	Method		
Skin	mouse	not sensitizing	MEST***		
Skin***	human***	not sensitizing***	Human repeat insult		
			patch test		
			(HRIPT)***		

n-Butyl acetate, CAS: 123-86-4

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Skin sensitization

For respiratory sensitization, no data are available

Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity					
n-Butyl acetate (123-86	-4)				
Type	Dose	Species	Method		
Subchronic toxicity***	NOAEC: 500 ppm (90 d)***	rat, male/female	EPA OTS 798.2450	Inhalation	
Subchronic toxicity***	NOAEL: 125 mg/kg/d (90d)***	rat, male/female	EPA OTS 798.2650***	Oral read across	
Subchronic toxicity***	LOAEL: 500 mg/kg/d (90d)***	rat, male/female	EPA OTS 798.2650***	Oral read across	

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Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Reproductive toxicity					
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)					
Туре	Dose	Species	Evaluation	Method	



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	T		T	T	T
Mutagenicity		Salmonella typhimurium Escherichia coli***	negative	OECD 471 (Ames)	In vitro study***
Mutagenicity		CHL (Chinese hamster lung cells)	negative (without metabolic activation)	OECD 473 (Chromosomal Aberration) Chromosomal Aberration***	In vitro study
Mutagenicity		V79 cells, Chinese hamster	negative	OECD 476 (Mammalian Gene Mutation) HPRT	In vitro study read across
Mutagenicity		mouse	negative	OECD 474	in vivo read across
Reproductive toxicity	NOEC 9640 mg/m³	rat, male/female***		OECD 416	
Developmental Toxicity	LOAEC: 7230 mg/m³	rat, male/female***		OECD 414, Inhalative	Maternal toxicity Developmental toxicity
Developmental Toxicity***	NOAEC: 7230 mg/m³***	rat, male/female***		OECD 414, Inhalative***	Maternal toxicity, Developmental toxicity, Teratogenicity***
Developmental Toxicity***	NOAEC: 7230 mg/m ^{3***}	rabbit***		OECD 414, Inhalative***	Maternal toxicity Developmental toxicity***
Reproductive toxicity***	LOAEC: 750 ppm***	rat, male/female***		OECD 416 Inhalation***	Local effects***
Reproductive toxicity***	NOAEC: 750 ppm***	rat, male/female***		OECD 416 Inhalation***	systemic effects***
Reproductive toxicity***		rat, male/female***		OECD 416 Inhalation***	Fertility***
Reproductive toxicity***	NOAEC: 750 ppm***	rat 2. Generation, male/female***		OECD 416 Inhalation***	Developmental toxicity***

n-Butyl acetate, CAS: 123-86-4

CMR Classification

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B

Evaluation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Developmental toxicity

Reproductive toxicity

Mutagenicity

For carcinogecity, no data are available***

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Main symptoms

dizziness, narcosis, cough, nausea, vomiting, headache, unconsciousness, shortness of breath.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Other adverse effects

Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation.

Note

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link:

http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity					
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)					
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Method		
Pimephales promelas (fathead	96h	LC50: 18 mg/l	OECD 203		
minnow)					
Pseudokirchneriella	72h	EC50: 397 mg/l (Growth	OECD 201 read across***		
subcapitata***		rate)***			
Tetrahymena pyriformis	40 h	IC50: 356 mg/l			
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	48h	EC50: 44 mg/l	OECD 202		

Long term toxicity					
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-	n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)				
Туре	Species	Dose	Method		
Aquatic toxicity	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata***	NOEC: 196 mg/l (3d)***	OECD 201 Growth rate		
Aquatic toxicity Reproductive toxicity	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	EC50: 34,2 mg/l/21d	OECD 211	read across	
Aquatic toxicity Reproductive toxicity	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	NOEC: 23,2 mg/l (21d)***	OECD 211	read across	

Terrestrial toxicity				
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)				
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Туре	Method
Lactuca sativa (Lettuce)***	14 d***	EC50: > 1000 mg/kg soil dw***	Growth***	OECD 208***

12.2. Persistence and degradability

n-Butyl acetate, CAS: 123-86-4

Biodegradation

83 % (28 d), aerobic, Readily biodegradable, OECD 301 D.

Abiotic Degradation		
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Туре	Result	Method
Hydrolysis	t1/2 (pH 7): 2,14 yr @ 25°C	calculated***
Photolysis	Half-life (DT50): 3,3 days***	calculated***



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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Туре	Result	Method
BCF	15,3	calculated
log Pow	2,3 @ 27 °C (77 °F)***	measured, OECD 117

12.4. Mobility in soil

n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)			
Туре	Result	Method	
Surface tension	61,3 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F))	OECD 115	
Adsorption/Desorption	log Koc: 1,27 - 1,84***	calculated	
Distribution to environmental	no data available		
compartments			

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

n-Butyl acetate, CAS: 123-86-4

PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

12.6. Other adverse effects

n-Butyl acetate, CAS: 123-86-4

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product Information

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local statutes and possibilities for disposal.

Hazardous waste according to European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

Uncleaned empty packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR/RID

14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name UN 1123 **Butyl** acetates

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 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards 14.6. Special precautions for user ADR Tunnel restriction code Classification Code Hazard Number 	3 III no (D/E) F1 30	
ADN	ADN Container	
 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards 14.6. Special precautions for user Classification Code Hazard Number 	UN 1123 Butyl acetates 3 III no F1 30	
ADN	ADN Tanker	
 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Risk 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards 14.6. Special precautions for user Classification Code 	UN 1123 Butyl acetates 3 N3 III no	
ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR		
14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards 14.6. Special precautions for user	UN 1123 Butyl acetates 3 III no no data available	
<u>IMDG</u>		
14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards 14.6. Special precautions for user	UN 1123 Butyl acetates 3 III no	



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EmS F-E, S-D

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex

II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Product name Butyl acetate

Ship type 3
Pollution category Y

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

n-Butyl acetate, CAS: 123-86-4

Classification Flam. Liq. 3; H226

STOT SE 3; H336

Hazard pictograms GHS02 Flame

GHS07 Exclamation mark

Signal wordWarningHazard statementsH226, H336

EUH066

International Inventories

n-Butyl acetate, CAS: 123-86-4

AICS (AU) DSL (CA)

IECSC (CN)

EC-No. 2046581 (EU)

ENCS (2)-731 (JP)

ISHL (2)-731 (JP)

ISHL 2-(6)-226 (JP)

KECI KE-04179 (KR)

INSQ (MX)

PICCS (PH)

TSCA (US)

NZIoC (NZ)

TCSI (TW)

National regulatory information Egypt

Banned Chemicals (Unified List of Hazardous Substances, List A)

not listed

Substances Requiring Permits (Unified List of Hazardous Substances, List B)

not listed

Non-Restricted Substances (Unified List of Hazardous Substances, List C)

Component	Listed
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n-Butyl acetate	Yes
CAS: 123-86-4	

National regulatory information Israel

Harmful Chemicals (Hazardous Substances Law, 5753-1993, Annex 1 not listed

Toxic Chemicals (Hazardous Substances Law, 5753-1993, Annex 2 not listed

Hazardous materials requiring annual testing (Labor Inspection Regs., Appendix 1)

Component	Listed
n-Butyl acetate	Yes
CAS: 123-86-4	

Hazardous Substances Regulations (Classification & Exemptions) not listed

National regulatory information South Africa

Group 1 Hazardous Substances (G.N.R 452)

not listed

National regulatory information United Arab Emirates

Prohibited and restricted imports (Ministry of Environment and Water) not listed

For details and further information please refer to the original regulation.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH 066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Abbreviations

A table of terms and abbreviations can be found under the following link: http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13632/information_requirements_r20_en.pdf

Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by ***. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage

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(www.chemicals.oq.com).

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End of Safety Data Sheet

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