according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



Isobutanol 10250

Version / Revision6Revision Date26-Oct-2022Supersedes Version5.02***Issuing date26-Oct-2022

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the substance/preparation Isobutanol

Chemical Name 2-Methylpropan-1-ol

CAS-No 78-83-1 **EC No.** 201-148-0

Registration number (REACh) 01-2119484609-23

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Intermediate

Formulation

Distribution of substance

coatings cleaning agent

Lubricants and lubricant additives Metal working fluids / rolling oils

laboratory chemicals Polymer processing consumer care product

Uses advised against None

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company/Undertaking

Identification

OQ Chemicals GmbH Rheinpromenade 4A D-40789 Monheim

Germany

Product Information Product Stewardship

FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053 email: sc.psq@oq.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (UK)

available 24/7

National emergency telephone National Poisons Information Centre

number +353 (0)1 809 2166

available to the public 8 am - 10 pm

+353 (0)1 809 2566

available 24/7 for medical professionals

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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This substance is classified based on Directive 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation)

Flammable liquid Category 3, H226
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2, H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1, H318
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Category 3, H335, Category 3, H336

Additional information

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation).

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage. H335: May cause respiratory irritation. H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed. P261: Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapours.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P403 + P235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

2.3. Other hazards

Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback Vapours may form explosive mixture with air

Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation, ingestion and through the skin

PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic

(PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

Endocrine disrupting The substance is not listed on the candidate list according to Art. 59(1), REACh.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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assessments

The substance was not assessed as having endocrine disrupting properties according to regulation 2017/2100/EU or 2018/605/EU.

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	REACh-No	1272/2008/EC	Concentration (%)
2-Methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	01-2119484609-23	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	> 99,0
			Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
			Eye Dam. 1; H318	
			STOT SE 3; H335	
			STOT SE 3; H336	

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Skin

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Eyes

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a physician immediately. If conscious, drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Main symptoms

headache, dizziness, drowsiness, abdominal pain, nausea, diarrhea, vomiting, unconsciousness.

Special hazard

Lung irritation, Pneumonia.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General advice

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat symptomatically. If ingested, irrigate the stomach using activated charcoal. Chemical pneumonitis could follow respiratory exposure.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Suitable extinguishing media

dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray, alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of: carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback Vapours may form explosive mixture with air

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

Precautions for firefighting

Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Keep people away from and upwind of fire. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Foam should be applied in large quantities as it is broken down to some extent by the product.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

Methods for cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. universal binder). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Further info may be available in the appropriate Exposure scenarios in the annex to this SDS.

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Incompatible products

strong oxidizing agents

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care.

Suitable material

stainless steel, mild steel

Unsuitable material

Aluminium, Attacks some forms of plastic and rubber

Temperature class

T2

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Intermediate
Formulation
Distribution of substance
coatings
cleaning agent
Lubricants and lubricant additives
Metal working fluids / rolling oils
laboratory chemicals
Polymer processing
consumer care product

For specific end use information see the annex of this safety data sheet

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Exposure limits European Union

No exposure limits established

Exposure limits Ireland

Ireland OELs

TWA (mg/m³)	TWA (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)	Skin Absorption	Sensitizer
150	50	225	75		
	(mg/m³)	(mg/m³) (ppm)	(mg/m³) (ppm) (mg/m³)	(mg/m³) (ppm) (mg/m³) (ppm)	(mg/m³) (ppm) (mg/m³) (ppm) Absorption

Notes

For details and further information please refer to the original regulation.

DNEL & PNEC

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

Workers

DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - systemic effects - Inhalation	Low hazard (no threshold
	derived)

Low hazard (no threshold DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - systemic effects - Inhalation

derived) DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - local effects - Inhalation 310 mg/m³

Low hazard (no threshold DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - local effects - Inhalation

derived)

No hazard identified DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - systemic effects - Dermal DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - systemic effects - Dermal No hazard identified

DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - local effects - Dermal Medium hazard (no threshold

derived)

DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - local effects - Dermal Medium hazard (no threshold

derived)

Medium hazard (no threshold DN(M)EL - local effects - eyes derived)

General population

Low hazard (no threshold DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - systemic effects - Inhalation derived)

DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - systemic effects - Inhalation Low hazard (no threshold

derived)

55 mg/m³ DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - local effects - Inhalation

DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - local effects - Inhalation Low hazard (no threshold

derived)

DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - systemic effects - Dermal No hazard identified No hazard identified

DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - systemic effects - Dermal

DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - local effects - Dermal Medium hazard (no threshold

derived)

Medium hazard (no threshold DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - local effects - Dermal derived)

DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - systemic effects - Oral No hazard identified

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DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - systemic effects - Oral No hazard identified

DN(M)EL - local effects - eyes Medium hazard (no threshold

derived)

Environment

PNEC aqua - freshwater 0,4 mg/l
PNEC aqua - marine water 0,04 mg/l
PNEC aqua - intermittent releases 11 mg/l
PNEC STP 10 mg/l

PNEC sediment - freshwater

PNEC sediment - marine water

PNEC Air

1,56 mg/kg dw

0,156 mg/kg dw

No hazard identified

PNEC soil 0,0756 mg/kg dw

Secondary poisoning

No potential for bioaccumulation

8.2. Exposure controls

Special adaptations (REACh)

Not applicable.

Appropriate Engineering controls

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

Personal protective equipment

General industrial hygiene practice

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

Equipment should conform to EN 166

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.

Suitable material butyl-rubber

Evaluation according to EN 374: level 6

Glove thickness approx 0,3 mm Break through time > 480 min

Suitable material nitrile rubber

Evaluation according to EN 374: level 6

Glove thickness approx 0,55 mm Break through time > 480 min

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Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Respiratory protection

Respirator with A filter. Full mask with above mentioned filter according to producers using requirements or self-contained breathing apparatus. Equipment should conform to EN 136 or EN 140 and EN 143.

Environmental exposure controls

If possible use in closed systems. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. Observe the exposure limits, clean exhaust air if needed. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.

Additional advice

Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link: http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances. For specific exposure controls see the annex to this safety data sheet.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid***
Colour colourless
Odour alcoholic
Odour threshold 123 mg/m³

Melting point/freezing point < -90 °C (Pour point) < - 20 °C (Freezing Point)

Method DIN ISO 3016

Boiling point or initial boiling 108 °C @ 1013 hPa

point and boiling range

MethodOECD 103FlammabilityIgnitableLower explosion limit1,2 Vol %Upper explosion limit10,9 Vol %

Flash point 31 °C @ 1013 hPa

Method ISO 2719

Autoignition temperature 400 °C @ 1007 hPa

Method DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature No data available

pH neutral

 Kinematic Viscosity
 5,039 mm²/s @ 20 °C***

 Method
 DIN 51562, ASTM D445***

Solubility 70 g/l @ 20 °C, in water, OECD 105

Partition coefficient 1 @ pH 7 @ 25°C (77°F) (measured) OECD 117

n-octanol/water (log value)

Vapour pressure

@ °C @ °F Values [hPa] Values [kPa] Values [atm] Method 10,5 1,05 0,010 20 **OECD 104** 68 40 4 0,039 41 105,8 **OECD 104**

Density and/or relative density

Values @ °C @ °F Method 0,802 20 68 DIN 51757

Relative vapour density 2,6 (Air = 1) @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Particle characteristics not applicable

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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9.2. Other information

Explosive propertiesDoes not apply, substance is not explosive. There are no chemical groups

associated with explosive properties

Oxidizing properties Does not apply, substance is not oxidising. There are no chemical groups

associated with oxidizing properties

Molecular weight74,12Molecular formulaC4 H10 Olog Koc0,47 calculatedRefractive index1,396 @ 20 °C

Surface tension 69,7 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F)), OECD 115

Evaporation rate No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Likely routes of exposure Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

Acute toxicity				
2-Methylpropan-1-ol (78-8	3-1)			
Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method
Oral	LD50	> 2830 mg/kg	rat, male	OECD 401
Oral	LD50	3350 mg/kg	rat, female	OECD 401
Dermal	LD50	> 2000 mg/kg	rabbit male female	OECD 402
Inhalative	LC50	> 18,18 mg/l (6 h)	rat, male/female	40 CFR 798.1150

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Acute oral toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity
Acute inhalation toxicity

Irritation and corrosion	1			
2-Methylpropan-1-ol (7	8-83-1)			
Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method	
Skin	rabbit	Mild skin irritation	OECD 404	Weight of evidence in vivo 4h
Eyes	rabbit	corrosive	OECD 405	in vivo 24h
Respiratory tract	mouse male	RD50: 1818 ppm		5 min

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Sensitization				
2-Methylpropan-1-ol (7	8-83-1)			
Target Organ Effects	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Skin		not sensitizing	QSAR	Weight of evidence

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Skin sensitization

For respiratory sensitization, no data are available

Subacute, subchronic	Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity				
2-Methylpropan-1-ol (7	8-83-1)				
Type	Dose	Species	Method		
Subchronic toxicity	NOEL: > 1450 mg/m³/d (90 d)	rat, male/female	OECD 408	Oral	
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEL: >=7,5 mg/l	rat rat, male/female	EPA OPPTS 870.3800	Inhalation	
Subchronic toxicity	NOEL: ~ 3 mg/m³/d (102 d)	rat, male/female	82-7 F	Inhalation	

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Carcinogenicity,	Mutagenicity, Re	productive toxicity			
2-Methylpropan-1	-ol (78-83-1)				
Туре	Dose	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Mutagenicity		Salmonella	negative	OECD 471	In vitro study
		typhimurium		(Ames)	
Mutagenicity		V79 cells,	negative	HPRT	In vitro study
,		Chinese hamste	er		
Mutagenicity		V79 cells,	negative	Chromosomal	in vitro

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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		Chinese hamster		Aberration	micronucleus study
Mutagenicity		mouse male/female	negative	OECD 474	Oral in vivo
Carcinogenicity			negative	QSAR	
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL >= 7,5 mg/l	rat, parental		EPA OPPTS 870.3800	Inhalation
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL >= 7,5 mg/l	rat, 1. Generation, male/female rat 2. Generation, male/female		EPA OPPTS 870.3800	Inhalation
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 10 mg/l	rat		OECD 414, Inhalative	Maternal toxicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 2,5 mg/l	rabbit		OECD 414, Inhalative	Maternal toxicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL > 10 mg/l	rabbit rat		OECD 414, Inhalative	Teratogenicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL > 10 mg/l	rabbit rat		OECD 414, Inhalative	Fetal toxicity
Mutagenicity		human lung carcinoma epithelial A549	negative	Comet Assay	In vitro study

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

CMR Classification

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B

Evaluation

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Did not show reprotoxic or mutagenic effects in animal experiments

No developmental effects in the absence of maternal toxicity

No indication for a carcinogenic potential

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

Main symptoms

headache, dizziness, drowsiness, abdominal pain, nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting, unconsciousness.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Aspiration toxicity

Based on the viscosity a potential aspiration hazard cannot be excluded

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance has not been identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with section 2.3.

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

Other adverse effects

Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation, ingestion and through the skin.

Note

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity			
2-Methylpropan-1-ol (78-83-1)			
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Method
Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)	96h	LC50: 1430 mg/l	
Daphnia pulex (Water flea)	48h	EC50: 1100 mg/l	ASTM D4229
Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72h	EC50: 1799 mg/l (Growth rate)	OECD 201
Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72h	EC50: 632 mg/l (Biomass)	OECD 201
Bacteria / Sewage	16 h	IC50: > 1000 mg/l (Growth inhibition)	
Pseudomonas putida	TGK: 280 mg/l	Cell multiplication inhibition test	

Long term toxicity				
2-Methylpropan-1-ol (7	8-83-1)			
Туре	Species	Dose	Method	
Reproductive toxicity	Daphnia magna	NOEC: 20 mg/l		
	(Water flea)	(21d)		
Aquatic toxicity	Pseudokirchneriella	NOEC: 53 mg/l (OECD 201	
	subcapitata	3d) Biomass		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

Biodegradation

70-80 % (28 d), Industrial sewage filtrate, aerobic, OECD 301 D.

Abiotic Degradation		
2-Methylpropan-1-ol (78-8	3-1)	
Туре	Result	Method
Hydrolysis	No data available	
Photolysis	Half-life (DT50): 56 h	calculated SRC AOP v1.92

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-Methylpropan-1-ol (78-83-1)		
Type	Result	Method
log Pow	1 @ pH 7 @ 25°C (77°F)	measured, OECD 117
BCF	not expected	

12.4. Mobility in soil

2-Methylpropan-1-ol (78-83-1)		
Туре	Result	Method

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Surface tension	69,7 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F))	OECD 115
Adsorption/Desorption	log Koc: 0,47	calculated SRC PCKOCWIN v2.00
Distribution to environmental	no data available	
compartments		

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance has not been identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with section 2.3.

12.7. Other adverse effects

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product Information

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local statutes and possibilities for disposal.

Hazardous waste according to European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

Uncleaned empty packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR/RID

14.1. UN number or ID number	UN 1212
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Isobutanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4. Packing group III
14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR Tunnel restriction code (D/E)
Classification Code F1
Hazard Number 30

ADN: Container and Tanker

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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14.1. UN number or ID number	UN 1212
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Isobutanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
3
14.4. Packing group
14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

Classification Code F1 Hazard Number 30

ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR

14.1. UN number or ID number 14.2. UN proper shipping nameUN 1212
Isobutanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4. Packing group III
14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user no data available

IMDG

14.1. UN number or ID number 14.2. UN proper shipping nameUN 1212
Isobutanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
3
14.4. Packing group
14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-D

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according

to IMO instruments

Product name Isobutyl alcohol

Ship type 3
Pollution category Z
Hazard class S/P***

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

Classification Flam. Liq. 3; H226

STOT SE 3; H335 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H336 GHS02 Flame

Hazard pictograms GHS02 Flame

GHS05 Corrosion

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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GHS07 Exclamation mark

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H226, H335, H315, H318, H336

DI 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Category Annex I, part 1:

P5a - c; depending on conditions

DI 1999/13/EC (VOC Guideline)

Component	Status
2-Methylpropan-1-ol	regulated
CAS: 78-83-1	

International Inventories

2-Methylpropan-1-ol, CAS: 78-83-1

AICS (AU)

DSL (CA)

IECSC (CN)

EC-No. 2011480 (EU)

ENCS (2)-3049 (JP)

ISHL (2)-3049 (JP)

KECI KE-24894 (KR)

INSQ (MX)

PICCS (PH)

TSCA (US)

NZIoC (NZ)

TCSI (TW)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

The Chemical Safety Report (CSR) has been generated. For Exposure Scenarios see the annex.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Abbreviations

A table of terms and abbreviations can be found under the following link:

http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13632/information_requirements_r20_en.pdf

Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by ***. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage (www.chemicals.oq.com).

Disclaimer

For industrial use only. The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. We do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. OQ Chemicals makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning the safe use of this material in your process or in combination with other substances. User has the sole responsibility to determine the suitability of the materials for any use and the manner of use contemplated. User must meet all applicable safety and health standards.

End of Safety Data Sheet

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

General information

Human health hazard assessment:

A quantitative approach used to conclude safe use for:

Long term local hazards via inhalation

A qualitative approach used to conclude safe use for:

Long-term Systemic effects via inhalation

Acute systemic hazards via inhalation

Acute local hazards via inhalation

Long-term Systemic effects via skin

Acute local hazards via skin

Long-term local effects via skin

Acute systemic hazards via skin

Local hazards via eyes

For consumer applications in the following usage areas please contact OQ (sc.psq@oq.com):

Uses in coatings

Use in Cleaning Agents

Lubricants

Consumer uses e.g. as a carrier in cosmetics/personal care products, perfumes and fragrances. Note: For cosmetic and personal care products, risk assessment only required for the environment under REACH as human health is covered by alternative legislation

For specific information regarding the SPERC used please refer to the ESIG webpage https://www.esig.org/reach-ges/environment/

Other combinations of operational conditions may also be safe. Please contact OQ in case your local operational conditions differ from the ones described below and you are unsure if they are also safe

Operational conditions and risk management measures

Following operational conditions and risk management measures, are based on qualitative risk characterisation: Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection

Minimization of manual phases

Avoid direct contact with the chemical/the product/the preparation by establishing organisational measures

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed.

Exposure scenario identification

- 1 Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)
- 2 Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures
- 3 Distribution of substance
- 4 Uses in coatings
- 5 Uses in coatings
- 6 Use in Cleaning Products
- 7 Use in Cleaning Products
- 8 Lubricants
- 9 Lubricants
- 10 Metal working fluids / rolling oils
- 11 Metal working fluids / rolling oils
- 12 Use in laboratories
- 13 Polymer processing

Number of the ES 1

Short title of the exposure scenario

Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Manufacture of the substance or use as an intermediate, process chemical or extracting agent. Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, maintenance and loading (ncluding marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container).

Further explanations

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

Industrial use

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

1

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 6a

Product characteristics

liauid.

Amounts used

Daily amount per site: 61 to Annual amount per site: 20124 to Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 1

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 0.05 %

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0.02 %

Release fraction to soil from process: 0.1%

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Onsite treatment wastewater. Apply acclimated biological treatment. Assumed Efficiency: 99 % Onsite treatment off-air.

Upgrade Systems in place or implement addional treatment. Assumed Efficiency: 99 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000

Water flow in sewage/river (m³/day): 18000

The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 87.49

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils

Number of the contributing scenario

2

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 1

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 2

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 3

Product characteristics

Liquid

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 4

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)
Agricultural Soil
Sewage Treatment Plant

PEC: 0.079 mg/l; RCR: 0.197
PEC: 0.306 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.197
PEC: 0.031 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.196
PEC: 8.88E-4 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.012
PEC: 0.763 mg/l; RCR: 0.076

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

 Proc 1
 EE(inhal): 0.031

 Proc 2
 EE(inhal): 15.44

 Proc 3
 EE(inhal): 30.88

 Proc 4
 EE(inhal): 61.77

 Proc 8a
 EE(inhal): 15.44

 Proc 9
 EE(inhal): 15.44

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

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05
1
199
05
012
05
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Number of the ES 2

Short title of the exposure scenario

Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys)

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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contact)

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC2: Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenanance and associated laboratory activities.

Further explanations

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

Industrial use

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

1

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for

ERC 2

Amounts used

Daily amount per site: 36.4 to Annual amount per site: 10915 to Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 1

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 2.5%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0.02%

Release fraction to soil from process: 0.01%

Release factor to external waste : 0 %

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Onsite treatment wastewater. Apply acclimated biological treatment. Assumed Efficiency: 99 % Onsite treatment off-air.

Upgrade Systems in place or implement addional treatment. Assumed Efficiency: 70 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000

Water flow in sewage/river (m³/day): 18000

The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 87.49

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils

Number of the contributing scenario

2

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 1

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 2

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 4

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 5

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 15

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic) PEC: 0.048 mg/l; RCR: 0.12 Fresh Water (Sediment) PEC: 0.176 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.12

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)
Agricultural Soil
Sewage Treatment Plant

PEC: 4.8E-3 mg/l; RCR: 0.12
PEC: 0.019 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.12
PEC: 8.67E-3 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.113
PEC: 0.455 mg/l; RCR: 0.046

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

Proc 1	EE(inhal): 0.031
Proc 2	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 30.88
Proc 4	EE(inhal): 61.77
Proc 5	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 8b	EE(inhal): 3.861
Proc 9	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 15	EE(inhal): 30.88

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

RCR(inhal): < 0.01
RCR(inhal): 0.05
RCR(inhal): 0.1
RCR(inhal): 0.199
RCR(inhal): 0.05
RCR(inhal): 0.05
RCR(inhal): 0.012
RCR(inhal): 0.05
RCR(inhal): 0.1

Number of the ES 3

Short title of the exposure scenario

Distribution of substance

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC2: Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading, distribution and associated laboratory activities.

Further explanations

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

Industrial use

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)***

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for

ERC 2

Further specification

SpERC ESVOC 1.1b.v1 (ESVOC 3).

Amounts used

Daily amount per site: 0.028 to Annual amount per site: 42577 to

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.2

Release factor to external waste : 0 %

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 0.1%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0.001%

Release fraction to soil from process: 0.001%

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Typical measures to maintain workplace concentrations of airborne VOCs and particulates below respective OELs: e.g. thermal wet scrubber, gas removal and/or air filtration, particle removal and/or thermal oxidation and/or vapour recovery, adsorption.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000

Water flow in sewage/river (m³/day): 18000

The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 87.49

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 2

3

2

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

5

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 4

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

Product characteristics

Liauid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 15

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

 Fresh Water (Pelagic)
 PEC: 2.5E-3 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01</td>

 Fresh Water (Sediment)
 PEC: 9.72E-3 mg/lg dw; RCR: < 0.01</td>

 Marine Water (Pelagic)
 PEC: 2.46E-4 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01</td>

 Marine Water (Sediment)
 PEC: 9.57E-4 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01</td>

 Agricultural Soil
 PEC: 3.44E-3 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.045

 Sewage Treatment Plant
 PEC: 1.77E-5 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01</td>

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

Proc 1 EE(inhal): 0.031 Proc 2 EE(inhal): 15.44 Proc 3 EE(inhal): 30.88 EE(inhal): 61.77 Proc 4 EE(inhal): 15.44 Proc 8a EE(inhal): 3.861 Proc 8b EE(inhal): 15.44 Proc 9 Proc 15 EE(inhal): 30.88

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Proc 1	RCR(inhal): < 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.1
Proc 4	RCR(inhal): 0.199
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.012
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 15	RCR(inhal): 0.1

Number of the ES 4

Short title of the exposure scenario

Uses in coatings

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC7: Industrial spraying

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC10: Roller application or brushing

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning

Further explanations

Industrial use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

StoffenManager V 6 for Following PROC:

PROC 7

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)***

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

- 1

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for

ERC 4

Further specification

release factors for (Sp)ERC were modified.

Amounts used

Daily amount per site: 10.39 to Annual amount per site: 3116 to Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 1

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 3.6% Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0% Release fraction to soil from process: 0% Release factor to external waste: 0 %

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Typical measures to maintain workplace concentrations of airborne VOCs and particulates below respective OELs: e.g. thermal wet scrubber, gas removal and/or air filtration, particle removal and/or thermal oxidation and/or vapour recovery, adsorption.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000

Water flow in sewage/river (m³/day): 18000

The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 87.49

Number of the contributing scenario

2

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

PRUC I

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 2

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 3

Product characteristics

Liauid

Frequency and duration of use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 4

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 5

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 7

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume > 1000 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Use in ventilated spray booths only.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

Product characteristics

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

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Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

11

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 10

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

12

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 13

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

13

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 15

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Sewage Treatment Plant PEC: 0 mg/l; RČR: < 0.01

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

Proc 1	EE(inhal): 0.031
Proc 2	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 30.88
Proc 4	EE(inhal): 61.77
Proc 5	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 7	EE(inhal): 0
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 8b	EE(inhal): 3.861
Proc 9	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 10	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 13	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 15	EE(inhal): 30.88

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): < 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.1
Proc 4	RCR(inhal): 0.199
Proc 5	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 7	RCR(inhal): < 0.01
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.012

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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 Proc 9
 RCR(inhal): 0.05

 Proc 10
 RCR(inhal): 0.05

 Proc 13
 RCR(inhal): 0.05

 Proc 15
 RCR(inhal): 0.1

Number of the ES 5

Short title of the exposure scenario

Uses in coatings

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC10: Roller application or brushing

PROC11: Non industrial spraying

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) within closed or contained systems including incidental exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application activities and film formation) and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

Further explanations

Professional use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

StoffenManager V 6 for Following PROC:

PROC 11

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)***

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

1

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Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 8d

Further specification

SpERC ESVOC 8.3b.v1.

Amounts used

daily wide dispersive use: 0.0002 to/d
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.0005

Frequency and duration of use

Covers use up to: 365 days

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 98% Release fraction to wastewater from process: 1% Release fraction to soil from process: 1% Release factor to external waste: 0 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 87.4

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 1

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 2

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

4

2

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

1 1100 3

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

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Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 4

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 5

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

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Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

10

11

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 10

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

e for

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 11

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume > 1000 m3

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Use in ventilated spray booths only.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

12

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 11

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume 100 - 1000 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Ensure that the task is not carried out by more than one worker simultaneously.

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 47 % (inhalative).

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

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Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

13

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for **PROC 11**

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume < 100 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Ensure that the task is not carried out by more than one worker simultaneously.

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Provide enhanced general ventilation by mechanical means.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 80 %) Alternatively: Use duration max. 2 h. Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 13

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

15

14

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 15

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

16

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 19

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Area potentially exposed: corresponds to 1980 cm²

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

Proc 1	EE(inhal): 0.031
Proc 2	EE(inhal): 61.77
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 77.21
Proc 4	EE(inhal): 154.4
Proc 5	EE(inhal): 185.3
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 185.3
Proc 8b	EE(inhal): 92.65
Proc 9	EE(inhal): 185.3
Proc 10	EE(inhal): 185.3

Proc 11 EE(inhal): 0 - Contributing Scenario 11 EE(inhal): 256.10 - Contributing Scenario 12

EE(inhal): 240.60 - Contributing Scenario 13

 Proc 13
 EE(inhal): 185.3

 Proc 15
 EE(inhal): 30.88

 Proc 19
 EE(inhal): 185.3

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): < 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.199
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.2490
Proc 4	RCR(inhal): 0.4980
Proc 5	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.299
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 10	RCR(inhal): 0.598

Proc 11 RCR(inhal): < 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 11

RCR(inhal): 0.826 - Contributing Scenarios 12 RCR(inhal): 0.776 - Contributing Scenarios 13

 Proc 13
 RCR(inhal): 0.598

 Proc 15
 RCR(inhal): 0.1

 Proc 19
 RCR(inhal): 0.598

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Number of the ES 6

Short title of the exposure scenario

Use in Cleaning Products

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC7: Industrial spraying

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC10: Roller application or brushing

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including transfer from storage, pouring/unloading from drums or containers. exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping, automated and by hand), related equipment cleaning and maintenance.

Further explanations

Industrial use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

StoffenManager V 6 for Following PROC:

PROC 7

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently) Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).***

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for

ERC 4

Further specification

SpERC ESVOC 4.4a.v1 (ESVOC 8).

Amounts used

Daily amount per site: 5 to Annual amount per site: 100 to

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 1

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 30%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0.01%

Release fraction to soil from process: 0%

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Typical measures to maintain workplace concentrations of airborne VOCs and particulates below respective OELs: e.g. thermal wet scrubber, gas removal and/or air filtration, particle removal and/or thermal oxidation and/or vapour recovery, adsorption.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000 The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 87.47

Number of the contributing scenario

2

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 2

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 3

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 4

PRUC 4

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

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Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 7

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume > 1000 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Use in ventilated spray booths only.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

FROC 60

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 9

Product characteristics

Liquid

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 10

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

11

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 13

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)
Agricultural Soil
Sewage Treatment Plant

PEC: 5.62E-3 mg/l; RCR: 0.014
PEC: 0.022 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.014
PEC: 5.58E-4 mg/l; RCR: 0.014
PEC: 9.56E-4 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01
PEC: 8.11E-3 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.106
PEC: 0.031 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative long-term exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

Proc 1	EE(inhal): 0.031
Proc 2	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 30.88
Proc 4	EE(inhal): 61.77
Proc 7	EE(inhal): 0
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 15.44

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Proc 8b	EE(inhal): 3.861
Proc 9	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 10	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 13	EE(inhal): 15.44

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): < 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.1
Proc 4	RCR(inhal): 0.199
Proc 7	RCR(inhal): < 0.01
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.012
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 10	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 13	RCR(inhal): 0.05

Number of the ES 7

Short title of the exposure scenario

Use in Cleaning Products

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC10: Roller application or brushing

PROC11: Non industrial spraying

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including pouring/unloading from drums or containers; and exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping, automated and by hand).

Further explanations

Professional use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

StoffenManager V 6 for Following PROC:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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PROC 11

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)***

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

1

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 8d

Further specification

SpERC ESVOC 8.4b.v1 (ESVOC 9).

Amounts used

daily wide dispersive use: 0.000042 to/d Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.0005

Frequency and duration of use Covers use up to: 365 days

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

River flow rate: 18000 m³/d Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 2%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0.0001%

Release fraction to soil from process: 0% Release factor to external waste : 0 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000 The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 87.47

Number of the contributing scenario

2

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

PRUC I

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 2

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

4

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 4

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 10

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 11

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0,5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume > 1000 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Use in ventilated spray booths only.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

11

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 11

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0,5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume 100 - 1000 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Ensure that the task is not carried out by more than one worker simultaneously.

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 47 % (inhalative).

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

12

13

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 11

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0,5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume < 100 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Ensure that the task is not carried out by more than one worker simultaneously.

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Provide enhanced general ventilation by mechanical means. Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 47 % (inhalative).

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 80 %) Alternatively: Use duration max. 2 h. Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 13

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic) PEC: 2.49E-3 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01 Fresh Water (Sediment) PEC: 9.71E-3 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01 Marine Water (Pelagic) PEC: 2.46E-4 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01 Marine Water (Sediment) PEC: 9.56E-4 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01 Agricultural Soil PEC: 9.69E-5 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01 Sewage Treatment Plant PEC: 2.64E-9 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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EE(inhal): 0.031
EE(inhal): 61.77
EE(inhal): 77.21
EE(inhal): 154.4
EE(inhal): 185.3
EE(inhal): 92.65
EE(inhal): 185.3
EE(inhal): 185.3
EE(inhal): 0 - Contributing Scenario 10
EE(inhal): 256.10 - Contributing Scenario 11
EE(inhal): 240.60 - Contributing Scenario 12
EE(inhal): 185.3

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): < 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.199
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.2490
Proc 4	RCR(inhal): 0.4980
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.299
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 10	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 11	RCR(inhal): < 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 10
	RCR(inhal): 0.826 - Contributing Scenarios 11
	RCR(inhal): 0.776 - Contributing Scenarios 12
Proc 13	RCR(inhal): 0.598

Number of the ES 8

Short title of the exposure scenario

Lubricants

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC7: Industrial spraying

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC10: Roller application or brushing

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC17: Lubrication at high energy conditions and in partly open process

PROC18: Greasing at high energy conditions

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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6

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of machinery/engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of wastes.

Further explanations

Industrial use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

StoffenManager V 6 for Following PROC:

PROC 7

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)***

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

•

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 4

Further specification

release factors for (Sp)ERC were modified, SpERC ESVOC 4.6a.v1 (ESVOC 13).

Amounts used

Daily amount per site: 46.75 to Annual amount per site: 935 to

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 1

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 0.3%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0.015%

Release fraction to soil from process: 0.1%

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Onsite treatment off-air; Apply air filtration - particle removal. Assumed Efficiency: 70 % Onsite treatment wastewater. Apply acclimated biological treatment. Assumed Efficiency: 85 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000

Water flow in sewage/river (m³/day): 18000

The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 87.49

Number of the contributing scenario

2

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 2

Product characteristics

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 3

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 4

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 7

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Room volume > 1000 m3

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Use in ventilated spray booths only.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

50 / 76 Ireland (E-IE) /EN

5

4

6

7

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 10

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

11

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 13

PRUC 13

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

12

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 17

Further specification

Assessment tool used: Chesar 2.3

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

13

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 17

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

14

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 18

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

15

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 18

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Human factors not influenced by risk management

corresponds to 2 hands (960 cm²)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)
Agricultural Soil
Sewage Treatment Plant

PEC: 0.046 mg/l; RCR: 0.116
PEC: 0.18 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.116
PEC: 0.018 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.116
PEC: 0.018 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.016
PEC: 0.439 mg/l; RCR: 0.044

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

Proc 1	EE(inhal): 0.031
Proc 2	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 30.88
Proc 4	EE(inhal): 61.77
Proc 7	EE(inhal): 0
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 8b	EE(inhal): 3.861
Proc 9	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 10	EE(inhal): 15.44
Proc 13	EE(inhal): 15.44

Proc 17

EE(inhal): 154.4 - Contributing Scenario 12

EE(inhal): 30.88 - Contributing Scenario 13

Proc 18

EE(inhal): 154.4 - Contributing Scenario 14

EE(inhal): 30.88 - Contributing Scenario 15

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio. Where required local and systemic effects were evaluated both for short-term and long-term exposure. The RCR's given correspond in each case to the most conservative calculated values.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): < 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.1
Proc 4	RCR(inhal): 0.199
Proc 7	RCR(inhal): 0.0000
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.012
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 10	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 13	RCR(inhal): 0.05

Proc 17 RCR(inhal): 0.4980 - Contributing Scenarios 12

RCR(inhal): 0.1 - Contributing Scenarios 13

Proc 18 RCR(inhal): 0.4980 - Contributing Scenarios 14

RCR(inhal): 0.1 - Contributing Scenarios 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Number of the ES 9

Short title of the exposure scenario

Lubricants

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC10: Roller application or brushing

PROC11: Non industrial spraying

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC17: Lubrication at high energy conditions and in partly open process

PROC18: Greasing at high energy conditions

PROC20: Heat and pressure transfer fluids in dispersive, professional use but closed systems

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC9b: Wide dispersive outdoor use of substances in closed systems

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of waste oil.

Further explanations

Professional use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

StoffenManager V .? for Following PROC:

PROC 11

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

1

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 9b

Further specification

SpERC ESVOC 9.6b.v1 (ESVOC 14).

Amounts used

daily wide dispersive use: 0.000023 to/d Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.0005

Frequency and duration of use

Covers use up to: 365 days

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 1%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 1%

Release fraction to soil from process: 1% Release factor to external waste : 0 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%): 87.49

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 1

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 2

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 3

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

5

4

2

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 4

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

Product characteristics

Liquic

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

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Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Area potentially exposed: corresponds to palm of 2 hands (480 cm²)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 10

Product characteristics

Liquid

56 / 76

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

10

Ireland (E-IE) /EN

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 11

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



Isobutanol

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Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0,5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume > 1000 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

11

12

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Use in ventilated spray booths only.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 11

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0,5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume 100 - 1000 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Ensure that the task is not carried out by more than one worker simultaneously.

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 47 % (inhalative).

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 11

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0,5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume < 100 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Ensure that the task is not carried out by more than one worker simultaneously.

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Provide enhanced general ventilation by mechanical means. Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 47 %

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 80 %) Alternatively: Use duration max. 2 h.

Number of the contributing scenario

13

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 13

Further specification

Assessment tool used: Chesar 2.3

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0,5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Area potentially exposed: corresponds to palm of 2 hands (480 cm²)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

14

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 17

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 80 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE. If carried out for more than 1h, wear respiratory protection (efficiency 90%).

Number of the contributing scenario

15

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 17

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %) Alternatively: Use duration max. 1 h.

Number of the contributing scenario

16

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for **PROC 18**

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Area potentially exposed: corresponds to 2 hands (960 cm²)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 80 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal). If no adequate ventilation is available, avoid carrying out operations for more than 1 h.

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 18

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal). If no adequate ventilation is available, respiratory protection (efficiency 90 %) must be used.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE. If carried out for more than 1h, wear respiratory protection (efficiency 90%).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 20

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic) PEC: 2.5E-3 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01 Fresh Water (Sediment) PEC: 9.71E-3 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01 Marine Water (Pelagic) PEC: 2.46E-4 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01 Marine Water (Sediment) PEC: 9.57E-4 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01 Agricultural Soil PEC: 9.7E-5 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01 Sewage Treatment Plant PEC: 1.46E-5 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described

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Exposure estimation and reference to its source

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

Proc 1 Proc 2 Proc 3 Proc 4 Proc 8a Proc 8b Proc 9 Proc 10	EE(inhal): 0.031 EE(inhal): 61.77 EE(inhal): 77.21 EE(inhal): 154.4 EE(inhal): 185.3 EE(inhal): 92.65 EE(inhal): 185.3 EE(inhal): 185.3 EE(inhal): 185.3
Proc 11	EE(inhal): 0 - Contributing Scenario 10 EE(inhal): 256.1 - Contributing Scenario 11 EE(inhal): 240.6 - Contributing Scenario 12
Proc 13	EE(inhal): 185.3
Proc 17	EE(inhal): 185.3 - Contributing Scenario 14 EE(inhal): 123.5 - Contributing Scenario 15
Proc 18	EE(inhal): 123.50 - Contributing Scenario 16 EE(inhal): 185.3 - Contributing Scenario 17
Proc 20	EE(inhal): 61.77

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): < 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.199
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.249
Proc 4	RCR(inhal): 0.498
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.299
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 10	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 11	RCR(inhal): < 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 10
	RCR(inhal): 0.826 - Contributing Scenarios 11
	RCR(inhal): 0.776 - Contributing Scenarios 12
Proc 13	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 17	RCR(inhal): 0.598 - Contributing Scenarios 14
	RCR(inhal): 0.399 - Contributing Scenarios 15
Proc 18	RCR(inhal): 0.399 - Contributing Scenarios 16
	RCR(inhal): 0.598 - Contributing Scenarios 17
Proc 20	RCR(inhal): 0.199

Number of the ES 10

Short title of the exposure scenario

Metal working fluids / rolling oils

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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PROC7: Industrial spraying

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated

facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC10: Roller application or brushing

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC17: Lubrication at high energy conditions and in partly open process

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers the use in formulated MWFs (MWFs)/rolling oils including transfer operations, rolling and annealing activities, cutting/machining activities, automated and manual application of corrosion protections (including brushing, dipping and spraying), equipment maintenance, draining and disposal of waste oils.

Further explanations

Industrial use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

StoffenManager V 6 for Following PROC:

PROC 7

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)***

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for

ERC 4

Further specification

SpERC ESVOC 4.7a.v1 (ESVOC 18), release factors for (Sp)ERC were modified.

Amounts used

Daily amount per site: 5 to Annual amount per site: 100 to

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 1

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 0.6%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0.1%

Release fraction to soil from process: 0%

Release factor to external waste: 0 %

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Typical measures to maintain workplace concentrations of airborne VOCs and particulates below respective OELs: e.g. thermal wet scrubber, gas removal and/or air filtration, particle removal and/or thermal oxidation and/or vapour recovery, adsorption. Onsite treatment off-air. Upgrade Systems in place or implement addional treatment. Assumed Efficiency: 70 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000

Water flow in sewage/river (m³/day): 18000

The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 87.49

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 1

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2

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Area potentially exposed: corresponds to palm of 1 hand (240 cm²)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 2

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 3

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 5

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 7

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0,5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



6

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Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume > 1000 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Use in ventilated spray booths only.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

9

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 9

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Area potentially exposed: corresponds to palm of 2 hands (480 cm²)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

11

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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PROC 10

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

12

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 13

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

13

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 17

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

14

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 17

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio Fresh Water (Pelagic) PEC: 0.034 mg/l; RCR: 0.084

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Fresh Water (Sediment)

Marine Water (Pelagic)

Marine Water (Sediment)

Agricultural Soil

Sewage Treatment Plant

(Effluent)

PEC: 0.131 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.084

PEC: 0.013 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.084

PEC: 0.013 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.084

PEC: 0.313 mg/l; RCR: 0.031

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

EE(inhal): 0.031 Proc 1 Proc 2 EE(inhal): 15.44 Proc 3 EE(inhal): 30.88 Proc 5 EE(inhal): 15.44 Proc 7 EE(inhal): < 0.01 EE(inhal): 15.44 Proc 8a EE(inhal): 3.861 Proc 8b Proc 9 EE(inhal): 15.44 Proc 10 EE(inhal): 15.44 Proc 13 EE(inhal): 15.44

Proc 17 EE(inhal): 154.4 - Contributing Scenario 13 EE(inhal): 30.88 - Contributing Scenario 14

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

Proc 1 RCR(inhal): 0.0001 RCR(inhal): 0.05 Proc 2 Proc 3 RCR(inhal): 0.1 Proc 5 RCR(inhal): 0.05 Proc 7 RCR(inhal): 0 Proc 8a RCR(inhal): 0.05 RCR(inhal): 0.012 Proc 8b RCR(inhal): 0.05 Proc 9 Proc 10 RCR(inhal): 0.05 Proc 13 RCR(inhal): 0.05

Proc 17 RCR(inhal): 0.498 - Contributing Scenarios 13 RCR(inhal): 0.1 - Contributing Scenarios 14

Number of the ES 11

Short title of the exposure scenario

Metal working fluids / rolling oils

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC10: Roller application or brushing

PROC11: Non industrial spraying

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC17: Lubrication at high energy conditions and in partly open process

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers the use in formulated MWFs (MWFs) including transfer operations, open and contained cutting/machining activities, automated and manual application of corrosion protections, draining and working on contaminated/ reject articles, and disposal of waste oils.

Further explanations

Professional use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

StoffenManager V 6 for Following PROC:

PROC 11

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).***

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for

ERC 8a

Further specification

SpERC ESVOC 8.7c.v1 (ESVOC 20).

Amounts used

daily wide dispersive use: 0.0027 to/d

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.0005

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 40%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 5%

Release fraction to soil from process: 5%

Release factor to external waste : 0 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%): 87.49

Number of the contributing scenario

2

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 2

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 5

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 10

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 11

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0,5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume > 1000 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Use in ventilated spray booths only.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 11

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0,5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume 100 - 1000 m³

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Ensure that the task is not carried out by more than one worker simultaneously.

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 47 % (inhalative).

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly.

Number of the contributing scenario

11

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 11

Further specification

Assessment tool used: StoffenManager

Product characteristics

Liquid, vapour pressure 0,5 - 10 kPa at STP

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Room volume < 100 m³

Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).

Ensure that the task is not carried out by more than one worker simultaneously.

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Provide enhanced general ventilation by mechanical means. Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 47 % (inhalative)

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Clean equipment and the work area every day

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Inspect and clean equipment regularly. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 80 %) Alternatively: Use duration max. 2 h.

Number of the contributing scenario

12

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 13

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

13

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 17

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation):

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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80 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal). If no adequate ventilation is available, avoid carrying out operations for more than 1 h.

Number of the contributing scenario

14

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for **PROC 17**

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 80 % (inhalative); 90 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE. If carried out for more than 1h, wear respiratory protection (efficiency 90%).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic) PEC: 3.35E-3 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01 Fresh Water (Sediment) PEC: 0.013 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01 Marine Water (Pelagic) PEC: 3.31E-4 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01 Marine Water (Sediment) PEC: 1.29E-3 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01 Agricultural Soil PEC: 1.4E-4 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01 Sewage Treatment Plant PEC: 8.57E-3 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³].

Proc 1 EE(inhal): 0.031 Proc 2 EE(inhal): 61.77 EE(inhal): 77.21 Proc 3 EE(inhal): 185.3 Proc 5 EE(inhal): 185.3 Proc 8a EE(inhal): 92.65 Proc 8b EE(inhal): 185.3 Proc 10

EE(inhal): 0 - Contributing Scenario 9 Proc 11

EE(inhal): 256.10 - Contributing Scenario 10 EE(inhal): 240.60 - Contributing Scenario 11

Proc 13 EE(inhal): 185.3

Proc 17 EE(inhal): 123.50 - Contributing Scenario 13

EE(inhal): 185.3 - Contributing Scenario 14

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

Proc 1 RCR(inhal): < 0.01

RCR(inhal): < 0.013 - Contributing Scenarios < 0.014

Proc 2 RCR(inhal): 0.199 Proc 3 RCR(inhal): 0.249 Proc 5 RCR(inhal): 0.598

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.299
Proc 10	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 11	RCR(inhal): < 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 9
	RCR(inhal): 0.826 - Contributing Scenarios 10
	RCR(inhal): 0.776 - Contributing Scenarios 11
Proc 13	RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 17	RCR(inhal): 0.399 - Contributing Scenarios 13
	RCR(inhal): 0.598 - Contributing Scenarios 14

Number of the ES 12

Short title of the exposure scenario

Use in laboratories

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Process categories [PROC]

PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Use of small quantities within laboratory settings, including material transfers and equipment cleaning

Further explanations

Professional use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)***

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

1

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 8a

Further specification

SpERC ESVOC 8.17.v1 (ESVOC 39).

Amounts used

daily wide dispersive use: 0.0000022 to/d

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.0005

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Release fraction to air from process: 50%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 50%

Release fraction to soil from process: 0% Release factor to external waste : 0 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 87.49

Number of the contributing scenario

2

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 10

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 15

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

 Fresh Water (Pelagic)
 PEC: 2.5E-3 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01</td>

 Fresh Water (Sediment)
 PEC: 9.74E-3 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01</td>

 Marine Water (Pelagic)
 PEC: 2.46E-4 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01</td>

 Marine Water (Sediment)
 PEC: 9.59E-4 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01</td>

 Agricultural Soil
 PEC: 9.73E-5 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01</td>

 Sewage Treatment Plant
 PEC: 6.85E-5 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01</td>

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

Proc 10 EE(inhal): 185.25 Proc 15 EE(inhal): 30.88

Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

Proc 10 RCR(inhal): 0.598
Proc 15 RCR(inhal): 0.1

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Number of the ES 13

Short title of the exposure scenario

Polymer processing

List of use descriptors

Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

Environmental release categories [ERC]

ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Product characteristics

Refer to attached safety data sheets

Further explanations

Industrial use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 3.2

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)**

Contributing Scenarios

Number of the contributing scenario

1

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 4

Further specification

SpERC ESVOC 4.21a.v1 (ESVOC 44), release factors for (Sp)ERC were modified.

Amounts used

Daily amount per site: 16.67 to Annual amount per site: 5000 to Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 1

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 10%
Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0%
Release fraction to soil from process: 0.001%
Release factor to external waste: 0 %

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Typical measures to maintain workplace concentrations of airborne VOCs and particulates below respective OELs: e.g. thermal wet scrubber, gas removal and/or air filtration, particle removal and/or thermal oxidation and/or vapour recovery,

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adsorption. Onsite treatment off-air. Upgrade Systems in place or implement addional treatment. Assumed Efficiency: 80 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000

Water flow in sewage/river (m³/day): 18000

The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 87.49

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils

Number of the contributing scenario

2

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 1

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 2

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 3

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 4

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

Product characteristics

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC_{8b}

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 9

Product characteristics

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)

Agricultural Soil

PEC: 2.49E-3 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01
PEC: 9.71E-3 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01
PEC: 2.46E-4 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01
PEC: 9.56E-4 mg/kg dw; RCR: < 0.01
PEC: 0.038 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.542

Sewage Treatment Plant PEC: 0 mg/l; RCR: < 0.01

(Effluent)

Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³].

 Proc 1
 EE(inhal): 0.031

 Proc 2
 EE(inhal): 15.44

 Proc 3
 EE(inhal): 30.88

 Proc 4
 EE(inhal): 61.77

 Proc 8a
 EE(inhal): 15.44

 Proc 8b
 EE(inhal): 3.861

 Proc 9
 EE(inhal): 15.44

Risk characterisation

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): < 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.1
Proc 4	RCR(inhal): 0.199
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.05
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.012
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.05

Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES Usage of relase factors allows downstream users to verify in a first approximation, if the combination of local usage and production conditions meets the defined release quantities resulting from this exposure scenario (calculated as M(site) [see amounts used, contributing scenario 1] x release factor [Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release; contributing scenario 1])
For specific information regarding the SPERC used please refer to the ESIG webpage https://www.esig.org/reach-ges/environment/

associated uses:

Should consumer uses be associated with this exposure scenario, please contact OQ for further details Other combinations of operational conditions may also be safe. Please contact OQ in case your local operational conditions differ from the ones described above and you are unsure if they are also safe