according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



2-Ethylhexanol

10050

**Version / Revision** 5.01 **Revision Date** 25-Jan-2023 5.00\*\*\* **Supersedes Version** Issuing date 25-Jan-2023

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the 2-Ethylhexanol substance/preparation

**CAS-No** 104-76-7 203-234-3 EC No.

Registration number (REACh) 01-2119487289-20

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Formulation

> coatings cleaning agent

Dilution of a concentrate

Oil field drilling and production operations

**Functional Fluids** Intermediate

Uses advised against None

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company/Undertaking

Identification

number

**OQ Chemicals GmbH** Rheinpromenade 4A D-40789 Monheim

Germany

**Product Information** 

**Product Stewardship** FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053 email: sc.psq@oq.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone number** +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (UK)

available 24/7

National emergency telephone National Poisons Information Centre

+353 (0)1 809 2166

available to the public 8 am - 10 pm

+353 (0)1 809 2566

available 24/7 for medical professionals

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified based on Directive 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation)

Acute inhalation toxicity Category 4, H332 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2, H315

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2, H319 Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Category 3, H335

#### **Additional information**

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements see SECTION 16.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation).

#### **Hazard pictograms**



Signal word Warning

**Hazard statements** H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

**Precautionary statements** P261: Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapours.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming

Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation, ingestion and through the skin

PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic

(PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

**Endocrine disrupting** 

assessments

The substance is not listed on the candidate list according to Art. 59(1), REACh. The substance was not assessed as having endocrine disrupting properties

according to regulation 2017/2100/EU or 2018/605/EU.

# SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	REACh-No	1272/2008/EC	Concentration (%)
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol	104-76-7	01-2119487289-20	Acute Tox. 4; H332	> 99,5
			Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
			Eye Irrit. 2; H319	
			STOT SE 3; H335	
			ATE = 1,1  mg/L	
			(inhalation)	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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(dust/mist)

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements see SECTION 16.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

#### Skin

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

#### **Eves**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Main symptoms

cough, headache, weakness, dizziness, gastrointestinal discomfort, nausea, unconsciousness, shortness of breath.

#### Special hazard

Lung irritation.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### General advice

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat symptomatically. If ingested, irrigate the stomach using activated charcoal.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of: carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors

Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### Special protective equipment for firefighters

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

#### Precautions for firefighting

Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Keep people away from and upwind of fire.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant).

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Methods for containment**

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Further info may be available in the appropriate Exposure scenarios in the annex to this SDS.

#### Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

#### Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

#### Advice on the protection of the environment

See Section 8: Environmental exposure controls.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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#### Incompatible products

strong oxidizing agents

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

#### **Technical measures/Storage conditions**

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care. Keep at temperatures between 0 and 49 °C (32 and 120 °F).

#### Suitable material

stainless steel

#### Unsuitable material

None known

#### **Temperature class**

T3

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Formulation coatings cleaning agent Dilution of a concentrate Oil field drilling and production operations Functional Fluids Intermediate

For specific end use information see the annex of this safety data sheet

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits European Union**

Directive 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU

•				_	Skin Absorption
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol CAS: 104-76-7	5.4	1	(co.g. co. )	W. E /	

# **Exposure limits Ireland**

#### **Ireland OELs**

Component	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL	Skin	Sensitizer
	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	Absorption	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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2-Ethylhexan-1-ol	5.4	1		
CAS: 104-76-7				

#### **Notes**

For details and further information please refer to the original regulation.

#### **DNEL & PNEC**

2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

**Workers** 

DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - systemic effects - Inhalation 12,8 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - systemic effects - Inhalation Low hazard (no threshold

derived) DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - local effects - Inhalation 53,2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - local effects - Inhalation 53,2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - systemic effects - Dermal 23 mg/kg bw/day

DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - systemic effects - Dermal No hazard identified

Medium hazard (no threshold DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - local effects - Dermal

derived)

Medium hazard (no threshold DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - local effects - Dermal

derived)

Medium hazard (no threshold DN(M)EL - local effects - eyes

derived)

#### **General population**

DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - systemic effects - Inhalation  $2,3 \text{ mg/m}^3$ 

DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - systemic effects - Inhalation Low hazard (no threshold

derived) 26,6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - local effects - Inhalation 26,6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - local effects - Inhalation DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - systemic effects - Dermal 11,4 mg/kg bw/day

DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - systemic effects - Dermal No hazard identified

DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - local effects - Dermal Medium hazard (no threshold derived)

DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - local effects - Dermal

Medium hazard (no threshold derived)

1,1 mg/kg bw/day DN(M)EL - long-term exposure - systemic effects - Oral

No hazard identified DN(M)EL - acute / short-term exposure - systemic effects - Oral

Medium hazard (no threshold DN(M)EL - local effects - eyes

derived)

#### **Environment**

0,017 mg/l PNEC aqua - freshwater 0,0017 mg/l PNEC aqua - marine water

PNEC aqua - intermittent releases 0,17 mg/l

**PNEC STP** 10 mg/l

PNEC sediment - freshwater 0,284 mg/kg dw PNEC sediment - marine water 0,0284 mg/kg dw

No hazard identified **PNEC Air PNEC soil** 0,047 mg/kg dw

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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PNEC oral 55 mg/kg

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Special adaptations (REACh)

Not applicable.

#### **Appropriate Engineering controls**

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

#### Personal protective equipment

#### General industrial hygiene practice

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

#### Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

Equipment should conform to EN 166

#### Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.

Suitable material nitrile rubber

**Evaluation** according to EN 374: level 6

Glove thickness approx 0,55 mm Break through time > 480 min

Suitable material polyvinylchloride

**Evaluation** Information derived from practical experience

Glove thickness approx 0,8 mm

#### Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

#### Respiratory protection

Respirator with A filter. Full mask with above mentioned filter according to producers using requirements or self-contained breathing apparatus. Equipment should conform to EN 136 or EN 140 and EN 143.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

If possible use in closed systems. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. Observe the exposure limits, clean exhaust air if needed. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.

#### Additional advice

Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link: http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances. For specific exposure controls see the

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annex to this safety data sheet.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid @ 20 °C (68 °F)

ColourcolourlessOdourslightOdour threshold0,08 ppm

Melting point/freezing point

Method

Boiling point or initial boiling

-89 °C (Pour point)

DIN ISO 3016

184 °C @ 1013 hPa

point and boiling range

Method OECD 103

**Flammability** Even if not classified as flammable, the product is capable of catching fire or

being set on fire.\*\*\*

**Lower explosion limit** 0,79 Vol % **Upper explosion limit** 12,7 Vol %

Flash point 77 °C @ 1013 hPa

Method ISO 2719

Autoignition temperature 280 °C @ 1017 hPa

Method DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature No data available

**pH** 5,8 (0,9 g/l in water @ 20 °C (68 °F)) OECD 105

Kinematic Viscosity 11,833 mm²/s @ 20 °C

Method DIN 51562

**Solubility** 0,9 g/l @ 20 °C, in water, OECD 105

Partition coefficient 2,9 (measured) OECD 117

n-octanol/water (log value)

Vapour pressure

Values [hPa] Values [kPa] Values [atm] @ °C @ °F Method 0.93 0.093 0.00091 20 **OECD 104** 68 **OECD 104** 3.8 0.38 0,003750 50 122

Density and/or relative density

Values @ °C @ °F Method 0,832 20 68 DIN 51757

Relative vapour density 4,5 (Air = 1) @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Particle characteristics not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

**Explosive properties**Does not apply, substance is not explosive. There are no chemical groups

associated with explosive properties

Oxidizing properties Does not apply, substance is not oxidising. There are no chemical groups

associated with oxidizing properties

Molecular weight130,23Molecular formulaC8 H18 Olog Koc2,12 calculated

**Dissociation constant** pKa 15,75 @ 25 °C (77 °F) (calculated)

Refractive index 1,431 @ 20 °C

**Surface tension** 47 mN/m (0,81 g/l @ 20°C (68°F)), OECD 115

**Evaporation rate** No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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# SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Likely routes of exposure** Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

Acute toxicity						
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)						
Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method		
Oral	LD50	~2047 mg/kg	rat, male	OECD 401		
Dermal	LD0	> 3000 mg/kg	rat, male/female	OECD 402		
Inhalative	LC50	> 0,89 - < 5,3 mg/l	rat, male/female	OECD 403		
		(4h)				

#### 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

#### Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Irritation and corrosion						
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)						
Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method			
Skin	rabbit	severe irritation	OECD 404	4h		
Eyes	rabbit	irritating	OECD 405			
Respiratory tract	human	irritating				

#### 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

**Assessment** 

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Sensitization						
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)						
Target Organ Effects	Species	Evaluation	Method			
Skin	Human experience	not sensitizing	Maximisation Test			

### 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

#### Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Skin sensitization

For respiratory sensitization, no data are available

Subacute, subchronic	Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity						
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (10-	4-76-7)						
Туре	Dose	Species	Method				
Subchronic toxicity	NOEL: 125 mg/kg/d (90d)	rat, male/female	OECD 408	Oral			
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEL: 250 mg/kg/d (90d)	rat, male/female	OECD 408	Oral			
Subchronic toxicity	NOEL: 125 mg/kg/d (90d)	mouse, male/female	OECD 408	Oral			
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEL: 250 mg/kg/d (90d)	mouse, male/female	OECD 408	Oral			
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEC: 120 ppm (90 d)	rat, male/female	OECD 413	Inhalation			

#### 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

#### **Assessment**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Carcinogenicity, Mut	agenicity, Reprod	luctive toxicity	Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Reproductive toxicity					
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (10	4-76-7)							
Туре	Dose	Species	Evaluation	Method				
Mutagenicity		Salmonella typhimurium	negative	OECD 471 (Ames)	In vitro study			
Mutagenicity		Escherichia coli	negative	OECD 472	In vitro study			
Mutagenicity		CHO (Chinese Hamster Ovary) cells	negative	OECD 473 (Chromosomal Aberration)	In vitro study			
Mutagenicity		mouse lymphoma cells	negative	OECD 476 (Mammalian Gene Mutation)	In vitro study			
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/d	rat, male/female	negative	OECD 451, Oral				
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/d	mouse male/female	negative	OECD 451, Oral				
Mutagenicity		CHO (Chinese Hamster Ovary) cells	negative	OECD 476 (Mammalian Gene Mutation)	In vitro study			
Mutagenicity		mouse	negative	OECD 474	in vivo			
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL 10000 mg/kg/d	rat, parental		OECD 416 Oral	Fertility read across			

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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, ·	NOAEL 3000 mg/kg/d	rat, parental		OECD 416 Oral	Maternal toxicity read across
,	NOAEL 3000 mg/kg/d	rat			Developmental toxicity read across
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 191 mg/kg/d	mouse	negative		Maternal toxicity, Developmental toxicity, Teratogenicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEC: 850 mg/m³	rat		Inhalative	Maternal toxicity, Developmental toxicity, Teratogenicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 840 mg/kg/d	rat		OECD 414, Dermal	Maternal toxicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 2520 mg/kg/d	rat			Developmental toxicity, Teratogenicity

#### 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

#### **CMR Classification**

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B

#### **Evaluation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Mutagenicity

Developmental toxicity

Reproductive toxicity

Carcinogenicity

#### 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

#### **Main symptoms**

cough, headache, weakness, dizziness, gastrointestinal discomfort, nausea, unconsciousness, shortness of breath.

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

respiratory system

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

#### **Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

no data available

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

The substance has not been identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with section 2.3.

#### 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

#### Other adverse effects

Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation, ingestion and through the skin.

#### Note

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link:

http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity						
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)						
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Method			
Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)	96h	LC50: 17,1 mg/l	84/449/EEC C.1			
Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)	96h	LC50: 28,2 mg/l	OECD 203			
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	48h	EC50: 39 mg/l	84/449/EEC C.2			
Desmodesmus subspicatus	72h	EC50: 11,5 mg/l (Biomass)	88/302/EEC C.3			
Desmodesmus subspicatus	72h	EC50: 16,6 mg/l (Growth rate)	88/302/EEC C.3			
Activated sludge (domestic)	24h	NOEC: > 300 mg/l	ETAD Fermentation tube method			

Long term toxicity				
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (1	104-76-7)			
Туре	Species	Dose	Method	
Aquatic toxicity	Scenedesmus subspicatus	EC10: 3,2 mg/l (72 h) Biomass	88/302/EEC C.3	
Aquatic toxicity	Scenedesmus subspicatus	EC10: 5,3 mg/l (72 h) Growth rate	88/302/EEC C.3	

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

Biodegradation

100 % (14 d), activated sludge, non-adapted, aerobic, OECD 301 C,

97 % (7 d), activated sludge, industrial, non-adapted, aerobic, OECD 302 B (Zahn-Wellens Test).

Abiotic Degradation		
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)		
Туре	Result	Method
Hydrolysis	No data available	
Photolysis	Rate constant: 1,13 x 10^(-11) cm^3/(molecule x s) Atmospheric lifetime: 24,6 h	measured

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)		
Туре	Result	Method
log Pow	2,9 @ 25 °C (77 °F)	measured, OECD 117
BCF	38	calculated

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)
------------------------------

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Туре	Result	Method
Adsorption/Desorption	Koc: 131,1 @ 20 °C	calculated
Surface tension	47 mN/m (0,81 g/l @ 20°C (68°F))	OECD 115
Distribution to environmental compartments	no data available	

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

#### PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance has not been identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with section 2.3.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

No data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### **Product Information**

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local statutes and possibilities for disposal.

Hazardous waste according to European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

#### **Uncleaned empty packaging**

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **Section 14.1 - 14.6**

ADR/RID Not restricted

ADN Container
Not restricted

ADN ADN Tanker

14.1. UN number or ID number

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Substances with a flashpoint between 60 °C and not

more than 100 °C (2-Ethylhexanol)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



#### 2-Ethylhexanol

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
Subsidiary Risk
N3, F
14.4. Packing group
14.5. Environmental hazards

**14.6. Special precautions for user** no data available

ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR Not restricted

IMDG Not restricted

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according

to IMO instruments

Product name Octanol
Ship type 2
Pollution category Y
Hazard class P

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

not listed

DI 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Category not subject

#### DI 1999/13/EC (VOC Guideline)

Component	Status
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol	regulated
CAS: 104-76-7	

#### **International Inventories**

#### 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol, CAS: 104-76-7

AICS (AU) DSL (CA)

IECSC (CN)

EC-No. 2032343 (EU)

ENCS (2)-217 (JP)

ISHL (2)-217 (JP)

KECI KE-13766 (KR)

INSQ (MX)

PICCS (PH)

TSCA (US)

NZIoC (NZ)

TCSI (TW)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

The Chemical Safety Report (CSR) has been generated. For Exposure Scenarios see the annex.

### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **Abbreviations**

A table of terms and abbreviations can be found under the following link: http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13632/information\_requirements\_r20\_en.pdf

#### Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

#### Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

#### Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by \*\*\*. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage (www.chemicals.oq.com).

#### Disclaimer

**For industrial use only.** The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. We do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. OQ Chemicals makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning the safe use of this material in your process or in combination with other substances. User has the sole responsibility to determine the suitability of the materials for any use and the manner of use contemplated. User must meet all applicable safety and health standards.

#### **End of Safety Data Sheet**

# Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

#### **General information**

A quantitative approach used to conclude safe use for: Environmental compartment
Long-term Systemic effects via inhalation
Acute local hazards via inhalation
Long-term Systemic effects via skin
A qualitative approach used to conclude safe use for:
Acute systemic hazards via inhalation
Long-term local effects via skin
Acute local hazards via skin

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Local hazards via eyes

Other combinations of operational conditions may also be safe. Please contact OQ in case your local operational conditions differ from the ones described below and you are unsure if they are also safe For consumer applications in the following usage areas please contact OQ (sc.psg@oq.com):

#### Operational conditions and risk management measures

Following operational conditions and risk management measures, are based on qualitative risk characterisation:

Minimize number of staff exposed

Good standard of personal hygiene

Minimization of manual phases

Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects

Regular cleaning of work area

Supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed.

Training for staff on good practice

Good standard of general ventilation

Substance/task appropriate gloves

Skin coverage with appropriate barrier material based on potential for contact with chemicals

Eye protection

Face-shield

# Exposure scenario identification

- 1 Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures
- 2 Uses in coatings
- 3 Uses in coatings
- 4 Use in Cleaning Products
- 5 Dilution of a concentrate
- 6 Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations
- 7 Functional Fluids
- 8 Functional Fluids
- 9 Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

#### Number of the ES 1

Short title of the exposure scenario

# Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures

# List of use descriptors

#### Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys)

#### **Process categories [PROC]**

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

#### **Environmental release categories [ERC]**

ERC2: Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

#### **Product characteristics**

Refer to attached safety data sheets

#### Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenanance and associated laboratory activities.

#### **Further explanations**

Industrial use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 2.2

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

#### **Contributing Scenarios**

### Number of the contributing scenario

1

# Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 2

#### \_...

#### **Further specification**

Specific Environmental Release Categories [SPERC], SpERC ESVOC 2.2.v1 (ESVOC 4).

#### Amounts used

Daily amount per site: 0.8 to Annual amount per site: 240 to

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 1

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

River flow rate: 18000 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 0.5 %

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0.2 %

Release fraction to soil from process: 0.01%

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000

The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 88

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations

#### Number of the contributing scenario

2

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 2

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

**Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker** provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3 5

**Product characteristics** 

Liauid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Indoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 5

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 5

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 5

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

11

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

12

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

**Product characteristics** 

Liauid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

13

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

14

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

Product characteristics

Liquid

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

15

### Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Liquid

#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour) .

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

16

### Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

17

#### Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

18

#### Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 15** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

#### Frequency and duration of use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

19

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 15** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

#### Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic) PEC: 0.012 mg/l; RCR: 0.717 Fresh Water (Sediment) PEC: 0.204 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.717 Marine Water (Pelagic) PEC: 0.001 mg/l; RCR: 0.7 Marine Water (Sediment) PEC: 0.02 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.701 PEC: 0.027 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.582 Agricultural Soil

Sewage Treatment Plant PEC: 0.093 mg/l; RCR: 0.01

(Effluent)

Predator's prey (freshwater) PEC: 0.39 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01 Predator's prey (marine water) PEC: 0.037 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01 Top predator's prey (marine PEC: 0.02 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

water)

Predator's prey (terrestial) PEC: 0.014 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - Inhalation Concentration in air: 0.001 mg/m³; RCR: 0.01

Exposure via food consumption: 0.002 mg/kg bw/day; RCR: 0.001 Man via environment – Oral

Man via environment - combined RCR: 0.01

Proc 1

#### Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. Exposure estimates are given for either short-term or long-term exposure depending on which lead to more conservative risk characterisation ratios. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m<sup>3</sup>]. EE(derm): Estimated dermal exposure [mg/kg b.w./d]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

EE(inhal): 0.217; EE(derm): 0.007 Proc 2 EE(inhal): 5.4263; EE(derm): 0.274 Proc 3 EE(inhal): 11.39; EE(derm): 0.138 - Contributing Scenarios 4 EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 0.138 - Contributing Scenarios 5 EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 0.138 - Contributing Scenarios 6 Proc 5 EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 7

EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 0.742 - Contributing Scenarios 8 EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 9 EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 10

Proc 8a EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 11 Proc 8b

EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 12 EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 13

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	EE(inhal): 1.357; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 14
Proc 9	EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 1.372 - Contributing Scenarios 15
	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 1.372 - Contributing Scenarios 16
	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 1.372 - Contributing Scenarios 17
Proc 15	EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 0.068 - Contributing Scenarios 18
	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 0.068 - Contributing Scenarios 19

#### Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio; RCR(derm): dermal risk characterisation ratio; total RCR= RCR(inhal) +RCR(derm). Where required local and systemic effects were evaluated both for short-term and long-term exposure. The RCR's given correspond in each case to the most conservative calculated values.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): 0.01; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.012
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.89; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 4
	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 5
	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 6
Proc 5	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.019 - Contributing Scenarios 7
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 8
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 9
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 10
	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 11
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 12
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 13
	RCR(inhal): 0.106; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 14
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.06 - Contributing Scenarios 15
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.06 - Contributing Scenarios 16
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.06 - Contributing Scenarios 17
Proc 15	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 18
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 19

#### Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

 Fresh Water (Pelagic)
 PEC: 0.00110 mg/l; RCR: 0.06458

 Fresh Water (Sediment)
 PEC: 0.00864 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.03087

 Marine Water (Pelagic)
 PEC: 0.00010 mg/l; RCR: 0.05618

 Marine Water (Sediment)
 PEC: 0.00075 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.02685

 Agricultural Soil
 PEC: 0.00007 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.00157

 Sewage Treatment Plant
 PEC: 0.00078 mg/l; RCR: 0.00008

(Effluent)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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#### Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative long-term exposure [mg/m³]; EE(derm): Estimated dermal long-term exposure [mg/kg b.w./d]. Exposure estimates are given for either short-term or long-term exposure depending on which lead to more conservative risk characterisation ratios. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

Proc 1	EE(inhal): 0.0543; EE(derm): 0.3429
Proc 2	EE(inhal): 5.4263; EE(derm): 1.3714
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 16.2788; EE(derm): 0.3429
Proc 4	EE(inhal): 27.1313; EE(derm): 6.8571
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 5.4263; EE(derm): 6.8571
Proc 8b	EE(inhal): 27.1313; EE(derm): 6.8571
Proc 9	EE(inhal): 27.1313; EE(derm): 6.8571
Proc 15	EE(inhal): 27.1313; EE(derm): 0.3429

#### Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio; RCR(derm): dermal risk characterisation ratio; total RCR= RCR(inhal) +RCR(derm). Where required local and systemic effects were evaluated both for short-term and long-term exposure. The RCR's given correspond in each case to the most conservative calculated values.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): 0.0010; RCR(derm): 0.0149
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.102; RCR(derm): 0.0596
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.3060; RCR(derm): 0.0149
Proc 4	RCR(inhal): 0.5100 ; RCR(derm): 0.2981
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.1020 ; RCR(derm): 0.2981
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.5100; RCR(derm): 0.2981
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.5100 ; RCR(derm): 0.2981
Proc 15	RCR(inhal): 0.5100; RCR(derm): 0.0149

### Number of the ES 2

Short title of the exposure scenario

# Uses in coatings

#### List of use descriptors

#### Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

### **Process categories [PROC]**

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC7: Industrial spraying

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC10: Roller application or brushing

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

#### **Environmental release categories [ERC]**

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

#### **Product characteristics**

Refer to attached safety data sheets

#### Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) within closed or contained systems including incidental exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application activities and film formation) and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

#### **Further explanations**

Industrial use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 2.2

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

#### Contributing Scenarios

#### Number of the contributing scenario

1

# Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 4

#### **Further specification**

Specific Environmental Release Categories [SPERC], SpERC ESVOC 4.3a.v1 (ESVOC 5).

#### Amounts used

Daily amount per site: 0.22 to Annual amount per site: 66 to

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 1

#### Environment factors not influenced by risk management

River flow rate: 18000 m<sup>3</sup>/d

#### Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 98%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0.7%

Release fraction to soil from process: 0%

#### Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000 The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 88

#### Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations

### Number of the contributing scenario

2

# Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

3

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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# Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 2

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 3

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 5

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 7

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 7

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Area potentially exposed: corresponds to 2 hands (960 cm²)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC<sub>8b</sub>

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour) .

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

11

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

#### **Product characteristics**

Liauid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

12

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

13

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

# Number of the contributing scenario

14

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

15

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

16

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 10

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

17

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 10

#### **Product characteristics**

Liauid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

18

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 13** 

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour) .

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

19

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 13** 

**Product characteristics** 

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

20

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 15** 

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374

Number of the contributing scenario

21

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 15

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour) Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal)

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374

#### Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Sediment)
Agricultural Soil

PEC: 0.012 mg/l; RCR: 0.696
PEC: 0.198 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.696
PEC: 0.001 mg/l; RCR: 0.68
PEC: 0.019 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.68
PEC: 0.034 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.724

Sewage Treatment Plant PEC: 0.09 mg/l; RCR: 0.01

(Effluent)

Predator's prey (freshwater)
Predator's prey (marine water)
Top predator's prey (marine

PEC: 0.382 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.037 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.019 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

water)

Predator's prey (terrestial) PEC: 0.027 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment – Inhalation Concentration in air: 0.05 mg/m³; RCR: 0.022

Man via environment – Oral Exposure via food consumption: 0.004 mg/kg bw/day; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - combined RCR: 0.025

routes

#### Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. Exposure estimates are given for either short-term or long-term exposure depending on which lead to more conservative risk characterisation ratios. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects. EE(derm): Estimated dermal exposure [mg/kg b.w./d].

Proc 1	EE(inhal): 0.13; EE(derm): 0.004
Proc 2	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 0.164
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 9.767; EE(derm): 0.083
Proc 5	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 1.645
Proc 7	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 5.143 - Contributing Scenarios 6
	EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 1.714 - Contributing Scenarios 7
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 8
	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 9
Proc 8b	EE(inhal): 4.884; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 10
	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 11
	EE(inhal): 0.814; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 12
Proc 9	EE(inhal): 4.884; EE(derm): 0.823 - Contributing Scenarios 13
	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 0.823 - Contributing Scenarios 14
	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 0.823 - Contributing Scenarios 15
Proc 10	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 3.292 - Contributing Scenarios 16
	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 3.292 - Contributing Scenarios 17
Proc 13	EE(inhal): 9.767; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 18
	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 19
Proc 15	EE(inhal): 4.884; EE(derm): 0.041 - Contributing Scenarios 20
	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 0.041 - Contributing Scenarios 21

#### Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio; RCR(derm): dermal risk characterisation ratio; total RCR= RCR(inhal) +RCR(derm). Where required local and systemic effects were evaluated both for short-term and long-term exposure. The RCR's given correspond in each case to the most conservative calculated values.

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Proc 1	RCR(inhal): 0.01; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.763; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 5	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.072
Proc 7	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.224 - Contributing Scenarios 6
	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.075 - Contributing Scenarios 7
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 8
	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 9
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.382; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 10
	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 11
	RCR(inhal): 0.064; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 12
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.0382; RCR(derm): 0.036 - Contributing Scenarios 13
	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.036 - Contributing Scenarios 14
	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.036 - Contributing Scenarios 15
Proc 10	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.143 - Contributing Scenarios 16
	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.143 - Contributing Scenarios 17
Proc 13	RCR(inhal): 0.763; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 18
	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 19
Proc 15	RCR(inhal): 0.0.382; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 20
	RCR(inhal): 1.628; RCR(derm): 0.041 - Contributing Scenarios 21

## Number of the ES 3

Short title of the exposure scenario

### Uses in coatings

#### List of use descriptors

#### Sector of uses [SU]

SU22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

### **Process categories [PROC]**

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC10: Roller application or brushing

PROC11: Non industrial spraying

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available

#### **Environmental release categories [ERC]**

ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems

#### **Product characteristics**

Refer to attached safety data sheets

#### Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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#### **Further explanations**

Professional use

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently) Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

### **Contributing Scenarios**

#### Number of the contributing scenario

1

# Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 8a ERC 8d

#### **Further specification**

Specific Environmental Release Categories [SPERC], SpERC ESVOC 8.3b.v1.

#### **Amounts used**

daily wide dispersive use: 0.003 to/d Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 1

#### Environment factors not influenced by risk management

River flow rate: 18000 m<sup>3</sup>/d

#### Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 98 % Release fraction to wastewater from process: 1 %

Release fraction to soil from process: 1%

# Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000 The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 88

#### Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations

#### Number of the contributing scenario

2

# Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

#### **Product characteristics**

Liauid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

3

# Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 2

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

## Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product: 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 5

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

### Product characteristics

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 80 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal). provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal). provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 10

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 80 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal). provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 10

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 11

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product: 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

4 h (half shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 80 % (inhalative).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

11

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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# Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 11

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

4 h (half shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 13** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liguid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 80 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 15** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 80 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

14

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 19** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

15

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 11** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)

Agricultural Soil

PEC: 0.003 mg/l; RCR: 0.179
PEC: 0.051 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.179
PEC: 0.00028 mg/l; RCR: 0.0163
PEC: 0.005 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.163
PEC: 0.00074 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.016

Sewage Treatment Plant PEC: 0.002 mg/l; RCR: 0.01

(Effluent)

Predator's prey (freshwater)
Predator's prey (marine water)
PEC: 0.173 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.016 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.015 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

water)

Predator's prey (terrestial) PEC: 0.001 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - Inhalation Concentration in air: 0.00055 mg/m³; RCR: 0.001

Man via environment – Oral Exposure via food consumption: 0.00041 mg/kg bw/day; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - combined RCR: 0.01

routes

#### Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. Exposure estimates are given for either short-term or long-term exposure depending on which lead to more conservative risk characterisation ratios. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. EE(derm): Estimated dermal exposure [mg/kg b.w./d]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

 Proc 1
 EE(inhal): 0.011; EE(derm): 0.01

 Proc 2
 EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 0.055

 Proc 3
 EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 0.028

 Proc 5
 EE(inhal): 10.85; EE(derm): 0.548

 Proc 8a
 EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 0.548

 Proc 8b
 EE(inhal): 1.085; EE(derm): 0.548

Proc 10 EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 1.097 - Contributing Scenarios 9 EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 1.097 - Contributing Scenarios 10

Proc 11 EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 1.097 - Contributing Scenarios 10
EE(inhal): 6,511; EE(derm): 24.286 - Contributing Scenarios 11
EE(inhal): 10.85; EE(derm): 2.143 - Contributing Scenarios 15

Proc 13 EE(inhal): 2.17; EE(derm): 0.548

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol

**10050 Version / Revision** 5.01

Proc 15 EE(inhal): 1.085; EE(derm): 0.014 Proc 19 EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 2.829

#### Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio; RCR(derm): dermal risk characterisation ratio; total RCR= RCR(inhal) +RCR(derm). Where required local and systemic effects were evaluated both for short-term and long-term exposure. The RCR's given correspond in each case to the most conservative calculated values.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): 0.01; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 5	RCR(inhal): 0.848; RCR(derm): 0024
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.024
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.085; RCR(derm): 0.024
Proc 10	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.048 - Contributing Scenarios 8
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.048 - Contributing Scenarios 9
Proc 11	RCR(inhal): 0.509; RCR(derm): 0.186 - Contributing Scenarios 11
	RCR(inhal): 0.488; RCR(derm): 0.093 - Contributing Scenarios 15
Proc 13	RCR(inhal): 0.17; RCR(derm): 0.024
Proc 15	RCR(inhal): 0.085; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 19	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.123

### Number of the ES 4

Short title of the exposure scenario

## Use in Cleaning Products

#### List of use descriptors

#### Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

#### **Process categories [PROC]**

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC7: Industrial spraying

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

#### **Environmental release categories [ERC]**

ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

#### **Product characteristics**

Refer to attached safety data sheets

#### Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including pouring/unloading from drums or containers; and exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping, automated and by hand).

#### **Further explanations**

Industrial use

Assessment tool used:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol 10050

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Chesar 2.2

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently) Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

#### **Contributing Scenarios**

#### Number of the contributing scenario

1

## Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 4

#### Amounts used

Daily amount per site: 0.002 to Annual amount per site: 0.03 to

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 1

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

River flow rate: 18000 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 100%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 100%

Release fraction to soil from process: 5%

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000 The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 88

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations

#### Number of the contributing scenario

2

## Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 2

## Product characteristics

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

3

## Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

### Product characteristics

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 7

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation):

90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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### 2-Ethylhexanol

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Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario
Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC<sub>8b</sub>

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)
Agricultural Soil

PEC: 0.012 mg/l; RCR: 0.683
PEC: 0.194 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.683
PEC: 0.001 mg/l; RCR: 0.666
PEC: 0.019 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.666
PEC: 0.026 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.543

Sewage Treatment Plant PEC: 0.087 mg/l; RCR: 0.01

(Effluent)

Predator's prey (freshwater)
Predator's prey (marine water)
PEC: 0.182 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.017 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.015 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

water)

Predator's prey (terrestial) PEC: 0.013 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment – Inhalation Concentration in air: 5.764E-4 mg/m³; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment – Oral Exposure via food consumption: 5.749E-4 mg/kg bw/day; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - combined RCR: 0.01

routes

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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## 2-Ethylhexanol 10050

**Version / Revision** 

#### Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. EE(derm): Estimated dermal exposure [mg/kg b.w./d]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects. Exposure estimates are given for either short-term or long-term exposure depending on which lead to more conservative risk characterisation ratios.

Proc 2	EE(inhal): 1.085; EE(derm): 0.055
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 0.028
Proc 7	EE(inhal): 10.85; EE(derm): 1.714

Proc 8a EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 5
EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 6
Proc 8b EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 7
EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 8
EE(inhal): 1.357; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 9

#### Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio; RCR(derm): dermal risk characterisation ratio; total RCR= RCR(inhal) +RCR(derm). Where required local and systemic effects were evaluated both for short-term and long-term exposure. The RCR's given correspond in each case to the most conservative calculated values.

Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.085; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 7	RCR(inhal): 0.848; RCR(derm): 0.075

Proc 8a RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 5 RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 6 Proc 8b RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 7 RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 8 RCR(inhal): 0.106; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 9

#### Number of the ES 5

Short title of the exposure scenario

#### Dilution of a concentrate

#### List of use descriptors

#### Sector of uses [SU]

SU22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

#### **Process categories [PROC]**

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

#### **Environmental release categories [ERC]**

ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems

#### **Product characteristics**

Refer to attached safety data sheets

#### **Further explanations**

Professional use

Assessment tool used:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol 10050

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Chesar 2.2

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently) Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

#### **Contributing Scenarios**

#### Number of the contributing scenario

1

## Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 8d

#### Amounts used

daily wide dispersive use: 0.274 to/d

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.1

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

River flow rate: 18000 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 100 %

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 100 %

Release fraction to soil from process: 20%

### Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000 The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 88

#### Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations

#### Number of the contributing scenario

2

## Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 5

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

3

## Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 5

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Area potentially exposed: corresponds to palm of 2 hands (480 cm<sup>2</sup>)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC<sub>8b</sub>

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol 10050

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provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)
Agricultural Soil

PEC: 0.011 mg/l; RCR: 0.64
PEC: 0.011 mg/l; RCR: 0.624
PEC: 0.018 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.624
PEC: 0.023 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.498

Sewage Treatment Plant PEC: 0.08 mg/l; RCR: 0.01

(Effluent)

Predator's prey (freshwater)
Predator's prey (marine water)
Top predator's prey (marine

PEC: 0.401 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.038 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.02 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

water)

Predator's prey (terrestial) PEC: 0.012 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - Inhalation Concentration in air: 5.645E-4 mg/m³; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment – Oral Exposure via food consumption: 0.001 mg/kg bw/day; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - combined RCR: 0.01

routes

#### Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. Exposure estimates are given for either short-term or long-term exposure depending on which lead to more conservative risk characterisation ratios. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. EE(derm): Estimated dermal exposure [mg/kg b.w./d].

Proc 5	EE(inhal): 10.85; EE(derm): 0.548 - Contributing Scenarios 2
	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 3
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 0.548 - Contributing Scenarios 4
	EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 5
Proc 8b	EE(inhal): 10.85; EE(derm): 0.548 - Contributing Scenarios 6
	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 7

#### Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio; RCR(derm): dermal risk characterisation ratio; total RCR= RCR(inhal) +RCR(derm). Where required local and systemic effects were evaluated both for short-term and long-term exposure. The RCR's given correspond in each case to the most conservative calculated values.

Proc 5	RCR(inhal): 0.848; RCR(derm): 0.024 - Contributing Scenarios 2
	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 3
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.024 - Contributing Scenarios 4
	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 5
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.848; RCR(derm): 0.024 - Contributing Scenarios 6
	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 7

#### Number of the ES 6

Short title of the exposure scenario

## Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol 10050

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#### List of use descriptors

#### Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

#### **Process categories [PROC]**

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

#### **Environmental release categories [ERC]**

ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

#### **Product characteristics**

Refer to attached safety data sheets

#### Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Oil field well drilling and production operations (including drilling muds and well cleaning) including material transfers, on-site formulation, well head operations, shaker room activities and related maintenance

#### **Further explanations**

Industrial use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 2.2

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

#### **Contributing Scenarios**

## Number of the contributing scenario

1

#### Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 4

#### **Further specification**

Specific Environmental Release Categories [SPERC], SpERC ESVOC 4.5a.v1 (ESVOC 11).

#### **Amounts used**

Daily amount per site: 0.022 to Annual amount per site: 0.44 to

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 1

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

River flow rate: 18000 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 0.1 % Release fraction to wastewater from process: 7 %

Release fraction to soil from process: 0%

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000 The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 88

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations

#### Number of the contributing scenario

2

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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## Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

#### **Product characteristics**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Liquid

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 2

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 3

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

### Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 5

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Liauid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative): 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

#### **Product characteristics**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour) .

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

PROC 8b

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol 10050

**10050 Version / Revision** 5.01

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

11

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 15** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour) .

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

12

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 15** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

13

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 5

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol

**10050 Version / Revision** 5.01

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor use

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)
Agricultural Soil

PEC: 0.012 mg/l; RCR: 0.696
PEC: 0.198 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.696
PEC: 0.001 mg/l; RCR: 0.68
PEC: 0.019 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.68
PEC: 2.787E-4 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.01

Sewage Treatment Plant PEC: 0.09 mg/l; RCR: 0.01

(Effluent)

Predator's prey (freshwater)
Predator's prey (marine water)
Top predator's prey (marine
PEC: 0.182 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.017 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.015 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

water)

Predator's prey (terrestial) PEC: 0.001 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment – Inhalation Concentration in air: 5.542E-4 mg/m³; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment – Oral Exposure via food consumption: 4.483E-4 mg/kg bw/day; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - combined RCR: 0.01

routes

#### Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. Exposure estimates are given for short-term or long-term, systemic or local exposure depending on which lead to more conservative risk characterization ratios. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects. EE(derm): Estimated dermal exposure [mg/kg b.w./d].

Proc 1	EE(inhal): 0.011; EE(derm): 0.001
Proc 2	EE(inhal): 1.085; EE(derm): 0.055
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 0.028
Proc 5	EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 0.548 - Contributing Scenarios 5
	EE(inhal): 3.798; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 13
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 6
	EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 7
Proc 8b	EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 8
	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 9
	EE(inhal): 1.357; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 10
Proc 15	EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 0.068 - Contributing Scenarios 11
	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 0.068 - Contributing Scenarios 12

#### Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio; RCR(derm): dermal risk characterisation ratio; total RCR= RCR(inhal) +RCR(derm). Where required local and systemic effects were evaluated both for short-term and long-term exposure. The RCR's given correspond in each case to the most conservative calculated values.

 Proc 1
 RCR(inhal): 0.01; RCR(derm): 0.01

 Proc 2
 RCR(inhal): 0.085; RCR(derm): 0.01

 Proc 3
 RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.01

Proc 5 RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.024 - Contributing Scenarios 5 RCR(inhal): 0.297; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 13

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol

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Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 6
	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 7
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 8
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 9
	RCR(inhal): 0.106; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 10
Proc 15	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 11
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.204 - Contributing Scenarios 12

### Number of the ES 7

Short title of the exposure scenario

## **Functional Fluids**

### List of use descriptors

### Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

#### **Process categories [PROC]**

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

#### **Environmental release categories [ERC]**

ERC7: Industrial use of substances in closed systems

#### **Product characteristics**

Refer to attached safety data sheets

#### Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, coolants, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in industrial equipment including maintenance and related material transfers

#### **Further explanations**

Industrial use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 2.2

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

#### Contributing Scenarios

### Number of the contributing scenario

1

# Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 7

## Further specification

Specific Environmental Release Categories [SPERC], SpERC ESVOC 7.13a.v1 (ESVOC 31).

#### **Amounts used**

Daily amount per site: 4.48 to Annual amount per site: 90 to

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol 10050

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5.01

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 1

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

River flow rate: 18000 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 0.1 %

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 0.03 %

Release fraction to soil from process: 0.1%

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d). 2000 The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 88

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

**Further specification** 

Assessment tool used: Chesar 2.2

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 2

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

**Product characteristics** 

Liauid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

### Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour) .

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

Product characteristics

Liquid

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol 10050

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9

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8b

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour) .

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

11

10

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

12

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



#### 2-Ethylhexanol

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#### PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

13

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 15** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour) .

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

14

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 15** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)

Marine Water (Sediment)

Agricultural Soil

Sewage Treatment Plant

PEC: 0.011 mg/l; RCR: 0.629

PEC: 0.0179 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.63

PEC: 0.001 mg/l; RCR: 0.613

PEC: 0.017 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.613

PEC: 0.023 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.488

PEC: 0.078 mg/l; RCR: 0.001

(Effluent)

Predator's prey (freshwater)
Predator's prey (marine water)
Top predator's prey (marine

PEC: 0.18 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.016 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.015 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol 10050

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water)

Predator's prey (terrestial) PEC: 0.012 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - Inhalation Concentration in air: 6.221E-4 mg/m³; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment – Oral Exposure via food consumption: 5.578E-4 mg/kg bw/day; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - combined RCR: 0.01

routes

#### Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. Exposure estimates are given for either short-term or long-term exposure depending on which lead to more conservative risk characterisation ratios. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. EE(derm): Estimated dermal exposure [mg/kg b.w./d]. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects.

Proc 1	EE(inhal): 0.033; EE(derm): 0.004
Proc 2	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 0.164
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 9.767; EE(derm): 0.083
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 5
	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 6
Proc 8b	EE(inhal): 4.884; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 7
	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 8
	EE(inhal): 0.814; EE(derm): 1.645 - Contributing Scenarios 9
Proc 9	EE(inhal): 4.884; EE(derm): 0.823 - Contributing Scenarios 10
	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 0.823 - Contributing Scenarios 11
	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 0.823 - Contributing Scenarios 12
Proc 15	EE(inhal): 0.488; EE(derm): 0.041 - Contributing Scenarios 13
	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 0.041 - Contributing Scenarios 14

#### Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio; RCR(derm): dermal risk characterisation ratio; total RCR= RCR(inhal) +RCR(derm). Where required local and systemic effects were evaluated both for short-term and long-term exposure. The RCR's given correspond in each case to the most conservative calculated values.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): 0.01; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.763; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 5
	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 6
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.382; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 7
	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 8
	RCR(inhal): 0.064; RCR(derm): 0.072 - Contributing Scenarios 9
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.382; RCR(derm): 0.036 - Contributing Scenarios 10
	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.036 - Contributing Scenarios 11
	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.036 - Contributing Scenarios 12
Proc 15	RCR(inhal): 0.038; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 13
	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 14

### Number of the ES 8

Short title of the exposure scenario

### Functional Fluids

#### List of use descriptors

#### Sector of uses [SU]

SU22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol 10050

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#### **Process categories [PROC]**

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

PROC20: Heat and pressure transfer fluids in dispersive, professional use but closed systems

#### **Environmental release categories [ERC]**

ERC9a: Wide dispersive indoor use of substances in closed systems ERC9b: Wide dispersive outdoor use of substances in closed systems

#### **Product characteristics**

Refer to attached safety data sheets

#### Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, coolants, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in professional equipment including maintenance and related material transfers

#### **Further explanations**

Professional use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 2.2

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

#### Contributing Scenarios

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for

ERC 9a ERC 9b

#### **Further specification**

Specific Environmental Release Categories [SPERC], SpERC ESVOC 9.13b.v1 (ESVOC 32).

**Amounts used** 

daily wide dispersive use: 0.003 to/d

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.1

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

River flow rate: 18000 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

### Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 5%

Release fraction to wastewater from process: 5%

Release fraction to soil from process: 5%

#### Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000 The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 88

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations

## Number of the contributing scenario

2

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol 10050

**Version / Revision** 

5.01

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 2

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



### 2-Ethylhexanol

**10050 Version / Revision** 5.01

#### PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 80 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

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8

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 15** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liauid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 80 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

### Number of the contributing scenario

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 20

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 80 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)
PEC: 0.004 mg/l; RCR: 0.217
PEC: 0.062 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.217
PEC: 3.404E-4 mg/l; RCR: 0.2
PEC: 0.006 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.2
PEC: 0.003 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.055
Sewage Treatment Plant
PEC: 0.008 mg/l; RCR: 0.01

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



## 2-Ethylhexanol

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(Effluent)

Predator's prey (freshwater)
Predator's prey (marine water)
Top predator's prey (marine

PEC: 0.191 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.017 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.016 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

water)

Predator's prey (terrestial) PEC: 0.002 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment – Inhalation Concentration in air: 5.546E-4 mg/m³; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment – Oral Exposure via food consumption: 4.983E-4 mg/kg bw/day; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - combined RCR: 0.01

routes

#### Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. Exposure estimates are given for either short-term or long-term exposure depending on which lead to more conservative risk characterisation ratios. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. EE(derm): Estimated dermal exposure [mg/kg b.w./d].

Proc 1	EE(inhal): 0.033; EE(derm): 0.004
Proc 2	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 0.164
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 9.767; EE(derm): 0.083
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 1.645
Proc 9	EE(inhal): 6.511; EE(derm): 0.823
Proc 15	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 0.041
Proc 20	EE(inhal): 3.256; EE(derm): 0.205

#### **Risk characterisation**

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio; RCR(derm): dermal risk characterisation ratio; total RCR= RCR(inhal) +RCR(derm). Where required local and systemic effects were evaluated both for short-term and long-term exposure. The RCR's given correspond in each case to the most conservative calculated values.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): 0.01; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.763; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.072
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.49; RCR(derm): 0.509
Proc 15	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 20	RCR(inhal): 0.254; RCR(derm): 0.01

#### Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### Number of the ES 9

Short title of the exposure scenario

Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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#### List of use descriptors

#### Sector of uses [SU]

SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

#### Process categories [PROC]

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

#### **Environmental release categories [ERC]**

ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

#### **Product characteristics**

Refer to attached safety data sheets

#### Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Use as an intermediate (not related to Strictly Controlled Conditions). Includes incidental exposures during recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, sampling, associated laboratory activities, maintenance and loading (ncluding marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container).

#### **Further explanations**

Industrial use

Assessment tool used:

Chesar 2.2

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes an advanced standard of occupational Health and Safety Management System

#### Contributing Scenarios

#### Number of the contributing scenario

1

## Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 6a

#### **Further specification**

Dry processes, SpERC ESVOC 6.1a.v1.

**Amounts used** 

Daily amount per site: 0.5 to Annual amount per site: 150 to

Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.1

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

River flow rate: 18000 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Indoor/Outdoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Release fraction to air from process: 0.01% Release fraction to wastewater from process: 03% Release fraction to soil from process: 0.1%

#### Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Size of municipal sewage system/ treatment plant (m³/d): 2000 The minimum grade of elimination in the sewage plant is (%): 88

#### Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Number of the contributing scenario
Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 1

2

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquic

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

## Number of the contributing scenario

3

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 2

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

4

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

### Product characteristics

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

**Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker** provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

### Number of the contributing scenario

5

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 3

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

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provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

6

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 3

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

7

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 4

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour) .

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

8

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 4

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

9

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC 4

**Product characteristics** 

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

10

### Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

#### Number of the contributing scenario

11

## Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8a

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

### Number of the contributing scenario

12

#### Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour) .

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

13

## Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

#### **Product characteristics**

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACh) Article 31, Annex II as amended



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Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

14

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 8b

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 95 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

15

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Number of the contributing scenario

16

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 9

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor and outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %).

Number of the contributing scenario

17

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

PROC 9

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### 2-Ethylhexanol

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#### **Product characteristics**

Liauid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

18

### Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 15** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Number of the contributing scenario

19

#### Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure for

**PROC 15** 

#### **Product characteristics**

Liquid

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

#### Frequency and duration of use

8 h (full shift)

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Effectiveness of LEV (local exhaust ventilation): 90 % (inhalative); 0 % (dermal).

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

PEC = predicted environmental concentration (local); RCR = risk characterisation ratio

Fresh Water (Pelagic)
Fresh Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Pelagic)
Marine Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Sediment)
Marine Water (Sediment)
Agricultural Soil
Sewage Treatment Plant

PEC: 0.012 mg/l; RCR: 0.683
PEC: 0.001 mg/l; RCR: 0.666
PEC: 0.019 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.666
PEC: 0.026 mg/kg dw; RCR: 0.543
PEC: 0.087 mg/l; RCR: 0.01

(Effluent)

Predator's prey (freshwater)
Predator's prey (marine water)
Top predator's prey (marine

PEC: 0.376 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.036 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01
PEC: 0.019 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

water)

Predator's prey (terrestial) PEC: 0.013 mg/kg ww; RCR: 0.01

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Man via environment – Inhalation Concentration in air: 5.649E-4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment – Oral Exposure via food consumption: 0.001 mg/kg bw/day; RCR: 0.01

Man via environment - combined RCR: 0.01

routes

#### Human exposure prediction (oral, dermal, inhalative)

Oral exposure is not expected to occur. Exposure estimates are given for either short-term or long-term exposure depending on which lead to more conservative risk characterisation ratios. The RMMs described above suffice to control risks for both local and systemic effects. EE(inhal): Estimated inhalative exposure [mg/m³]. EE(derm): Estimated dermal exposure [mg/kg b.w./d].

Proc 1	EE(inhal): 0.054; EE(derm): 0.007
Proc 2	EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 0.274
Proc 3	EE(inhal): 11,39; EE(derm): 0.138 - Contributing Scenarios 4
	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 0.138 - Contributing Scenarios 5
	EE(inhal): 1.628; EE(derm): 0.138 - Contributing Scenarios 6
Proc 4	EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 1.372 - Contributing Scenarios 7
	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 1.372 - Contributing Scenarios 8
	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 1.372 - Contributing Scenarios 9
Proc 8a	EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 10
	EE(inhal): 5.426; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 11
Proc 8b	EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 12
	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 13
	EE(inhal): 1.357; EE(derm): 2.742 - Contributing Scenarios 14
Proc 9	EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 1.372 - Contributing Scenarios 15
	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 1.372 - Contributing Scenarios 16
	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 1.372 - Contributing Scenarios 17
Proc 15	EE(inhal): 8.139; EE(derm): 0.068 - Contributing Scenarios 18
	EE(inhal): 2.713; EE(derm): 0.068 - Contributing Scenarios 19

#### Risk characterisation

RCR(inhal): inhalative risk characterisation ratio; RCR(derm): dermal risk characterisation ratio; total RCR= RCR(inhal) +RCR(derm). Where required local and systemic effects were evaluated both for short-term and long-term exposure. The RCR's given correspond in each case to the most conservative calculated values.

Proc 1	RCR(inhal): 0.01; RCR(derm): 0.01
Proc 2	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.012
Proc 3	RCR(inhal): 0.89; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 4
	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 5
	RCR(inhal): 0.127; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 6
Proc 4	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.06 - Contributing Scenarios 7
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.06 - Contributing Scenarios 8
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.06 - Contributing Scenarios 9
Proc 8a	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 10
	RCR(inhal): 0.424; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 11
Proc 8b	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 12
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 13
	RCR(inhal): 0.106; RCR(derm): 0.119 - Contributing Scenarios 14
Proc 9	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.06 - Contributing Scenarios 15
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.06 - Contributing Scenarios 16
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.06 - Contributing Scenarios 17
Proc 15	RCR(inhal): 0.636; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 18
	RCR(inhal): 0.212; RCR(derm): 0.01 - Contributing Scenarios 19

Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES Usage of relase factors allows downstream users to verify in a first approximation, if the combination of local usage and production conditions meets the defined release quantities resulting from this exposure scenario

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(calculated as M(site) [see amounts used, contributing scenario 1] x release factor [Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release; contributing scenario 1])

#### associated uses:

Should consumer uses be associated with this exposure scenario, please contact OQ for further details Other combinations of operational conditions may also be safe. Please contact OQ in case your local operational conditions differ from the ones described above and you are unsure if they are also safe