

Isobutyl acetate

10260

Version / Revision4.01Revision Date02-Feb-2022Supersedes Version4.00***Issuing date02-Feb-2022

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the substance/preparation

Isobutyl acetate

CAS-No 110-19-0

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance /

solvent

None

Preparation

Uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier OQ Chemicals Corporation

15375 Memorial Drive West Memorial Place I

Suite 300

Houston, TX 77079

USA

Phone +1 346 378 7300

Product Information Product Stewardship

FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053 email: sc.psq@oq.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number NCEC +1 202 464 2554

available 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200 (GHS-US classification).

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Category 3, H336

Flammable liquid Category 2, H225

Environmental hazard Aquatic Acute 3; H402

OSHA Specified Hazards Not applicable.

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2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to §1910.1200 (GHS-US labeling).

Hazard symbol(s)



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H402: Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary statements

Prevention P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.

P242: Use non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapours. P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.***

Response P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage P403 + P235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

Disposal P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback Vapours may form explosive mixture with air

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Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	Concentration (%)
Isobutyl acetate	110-19-0	> 99,0

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Main symptoms

cough, nausea, vomiting, headache, unconsciousness, shortness of breath, dizziness, narcosis.

Special hazard

central nervous system effects, Lung oedema, Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General advice

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media



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Suitable extinguishing media

foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of: carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback Vapours may form explosive mixture with air

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

Precautions for firefighting

Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Keep people away from and upwind of fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

Methods for cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).



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6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Advice on the protection of the environment

See Section 8: Environmental exposure controls.

Incompatible products

strong acids and strong bases strong oxidizing agents

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care.

Suitable material

mild steel, stainless steel, aluminium

Unsuitable material

Attacks some forms of plastic and rubber, copper

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits United States of America

US ACGIH

Component TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL
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	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	(ppm)
Isobutyl acetate CAS: 110-19-0		50		150

US OSHA Z-1

Component	Ceiling	Ceiling	PEL	PEL	Skin
	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	Designation
Isobutyl acetate CAS: 110-19-0			700	150	

Note

For details and further information please refer to the original regulation.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate Engineering controls

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General industrial hygiene practice

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.

Suitable material butyl-rubber

Evaluation according to EN 374: level 3

Glove thickness approx 0,3 mm Break through time approx 60 min

Suitable material polyvinylchloride / nitrile rubber according to EN 374: level 2 **Evaluation**

approx 0,9 mm **Glove thickness** Break through time approx 30 min

Skin and body protection



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Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Respiratory protection

Respirator with filter for organic vapour. Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (vapor or mist). Equipment should conform to NIOSH.

Environmental exposure controls

If possible use in closed systems. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. Observe the exposure limits, clean exhaust air if needed. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liquid Colour colourless Odour fruity **Odour threshold** 19,3 mg/m³

6,7 (~5 g/l in water @ 20 °C (68 °F)) < -130 °F (< -90 °C) (Pour point) Melting point/range

Method **DIN ISO 3016**

242,6 °F (117 °C) @ 1 atm (101,3 kPa) Boiling point/range

Method **OECD 103**

Flash point 71,6 °F (22 °C) @ 1 atm (101,3 kPa)***

Method ISO 2719

Evaporation rate 1,5 (n-Butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Does not apply, the substance is a liquid

Lower explosion limit 1,3 Vol % **Upper explosion limit** 10,5 Vol %

Vapour pressure

Values [hPa]	Values [kPa]	Values [atm]	@ °C	@ °F	Method
21	2,1	0,021	20	68	DIN EN
					13016-2***
89	8,9	0,088	50	122	DIN EN
					13016-2***

Vapour density 4,0 (Air = 1) @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative density

@ °C @ °F Values Method 0.871 20 68 DIN 51757 5,6 g/l @ 20 °C (68 °F), in water, OECD 105 Solubility 2,3 @ 25 °C (77 °F) measured OECD 117*** log Pow

Autoignition temperature 806 °F (430 °C) @ 1019 hPa***

Method DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature No data available

0,70 mPa*s @ 68 °F (20 °C) **Viscosity**

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Method dynamic, ASTM D445

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight116,16Molecular formulaC6 H12 O2

log Koc 1,19 calculated***

Oxidizing properties Does not apply, substance is not oxidising. There are no chemical groups

associated with oxidizing properties

Refractive Index 1,390 @ 68 °F (20 °C)

Explosive properties Does not apply, substance is not explosive. There are no chemical groups

associated with explosive properties

Surface tension 62,5 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F)), OECD 115

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

strong acids and strong bases, strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

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Main symptoms

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cough, shortness of breath, dizziness, headache, nausea, narcosis, vomiting, unconsciousness.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Acute toxicity						
Isobutyl acetate (110-19-0)						
Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method		
Oral	LD50	13413 mg/kg	rat	OECD 401		
Dermal	LD50	> 17400 mg/kg	rabbit male***	OECD 402		
Inhalative	LC50	30 mg/l	rat, female***	OECD 403		

Isobutyl acetate, CAS: 110-19-0

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity

Irritation and corrosion				
Isobutyl acetate (110-19	9-0)			
Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method	
Skin	rabbit	No skin irritation	OECD 404	read across
Eyes	rabbit	No eye irritation	OECD 405	read across
Respiratory tract	human	Low irritating potential		read across***

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Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

skin irritation/corrosion eye irritation/corrosion

respiratory irritation

Sensitization						
Isobutyl acetate (110-19	Isobutyl acetate (110-19-0)					
Target Organ Effects	Species	Evaluation	Method			
Skin	guinea pig	not sensitizing	OECD 406			

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Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Skin sensitization

For respiratory sensitization, no data are available



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Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity						
Isobutyl acetate (110-19-0)						
Туре	Dose	Species	Method			
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEL: 495 mg/kg/d	rat, male/female	OECD 408	read across		
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEC: 500 ppm/d	rat, male/female	EPA OTS 798.2450	read across		
	(13 weeks)***		Inhalation***			

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Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Carcinogenicity, Mutag	genicity, Reprodu	ctive toxicity			
Isobutyl acetate (110-1					
Туре	Dose	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Mutagenicity		Salmonella typhimurium	negative	OECD 471 (Ames)	In vitro study
Mutagenicity		V79 cells, Chinese hamster	negative (with metabolic activation)	OECD 473 (Chromosomal Aberration)	In vitro study
Mutagenicity		mouse	negative	OECD 474	read across In vitro study micronucleus test
Developmental Toxicity***	NOAEC: 15,7 mg/l	rat		OECD 414, Inhalative	read across Maternal toxicity, Developmental toxicity, Teratogenicity Embryotoxicity***
Developmental Toxicity***	NOAEC: 3,9 mg/l	rabbit	Maternal toxicity	OECD 414, Inhalative	read across
Developmental Toxicity***	NOAEC: 15,7 mg/l	rabbit	Fetal toxicity, Embryotoxicity Teratogenicity***	OECD 414, Inhalative	read across
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEC: 3198 ppm***	rat, parental rat, 1. Generation, male/female rat 2. Generation, male/female***		EPA OPPTS 870.3800	read across
Reproductive toxicity***		V79 cells, Chinese hamster	negative (with metabolic activation)	OECD 476 (Mammalian Gene Mutation) HPRT	read across In vitro study

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CMR Classification

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B



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Evaluation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Mutagenicity

Developmental toxicity

Reproductive toxicity

No cancer study was conducted***

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Other adverse effects

Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation.

Note

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link:

http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity					
Isobutyl acetate (110-19-0)					
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Method		
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	48h	EC50: 25 mg/l	OECD 202		
Oryzias latipes (Medaka)	96h	LC50: 17 mg/l	OECD 203		
Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72h	EC50: 397 mg/l (Growth rate)	OECD 201		
Pseudomonas putida	16 h	TTC: 200 mg/l	Cell multiplication inhibition test		

Long term toxicity				
Isobutyl acetate (110-19-	0)			
Туре	Species	Dose	Method	
Reproductive toxicity	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	EC50: 34 mg/l/21d	OECD 211	
Reproductive toxicity	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	NOEC: 23 mg/l (21d)	OECD 211	
Aquatic toxicity	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	NOEC: 196 mg/l (3d)	OECD 201	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Biodegradation

81 % (20 d), Readily biodegradable, Sewage, domestic, non-adapted, aerobic, OECD 301 D.

Abiotic Degradation		
Isobutyl acetate (110-19-0)		
Туре	Result	Method



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Hydrolysis***	t1/2 (pH 7): 3,33 yr @ 25°C***	calculated***
Photolysis***	Half-life (DT50): 3,49 days***	calculated***

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Isobutyl acetate (110-19-0)			
Туре	Result	Method	
log Pow	2,3 @ 25 °C (77 °F)***	measured, OECD 117	
BCF	15,3***	calculated***	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Isobutyl acetate (110-19-0)			
Туре	Result	Method	
Surface tension	62,5 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F))	OECD 115	
Adsorption/Desorption	log Koc: 1,19	calculated	
Distribution to environmental compartments	Air: 13% Soil: 48% Water: 38,8%	calculated Fugacity Model Level III	
	Sediment: 0,11%		

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Isobutyl acetate, CAS: 110-19-0

PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

12.6. Other adverse effects

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No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product Information

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local statutes and possibilities for disposal.

Uncleaned empty packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

D.O.T. (49CFR)

UN 1213 14.1. UN number

Isobutyl acetate 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Ш 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards nο

14.6. Special precautions for user

Reportable Quantity (RQ) 5000 lb/ 2270 kg (Butyl acetate)

Emergency Response Guide 129

ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR

UN 1213 14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name Isobutyl acetate

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Ш 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards no

no data available 14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG

14.1. UN number UN 1213

Isobutyl acetate 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Ш 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-D

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II

of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Product name **Butyl** acetate

Ship type 3 Υ Pollution category

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Federal and State Regulations



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Components of the product are listed in the quoted regulations. For details please refer to the regulations directly. This list is not exhaustive, please check for other applicable regulations.

Federal Regulations

This product is listed on the TSCA inventory

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CERCLA Hazardous Substance

CERCLA RQ 5000 LBS

State Regulations

Isobutyl acetate, CAS: 110-19-0

CA Hazardous Substances (Director's) List

IL Chemical Safety Act

MA Hazardous Substances List

MA RTK List

MN Hazardous Substances List

NY RTK List PA RTK List

RI RTK List

International Inventories

Isobutyl acetate, CAS: 110-19-0

AICS (AU)

DSL (CA)

IECSC (CN)

EC-No. 2037451 (EU)

ENCS (2)-731 (JP)

ISHL (2)-731 (JP)

KECI KE-00055 (KR)

INSQ (MX)

PICCS (PH)

TSCA (US)

NZIoC (NZ)

TCSI (TW)

SECTION 16: Other information

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Hazard Rating Systems

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)

Health Hazard 1 Fire Hazard 3

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Reactivity 0

HMIS (Hazardous Material Information System)

Health Hazard Flammability 3 Physical Hazard 0

Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by ***. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage (www.chemicals.og.com).

The use of a comma in section 3 and section 7 to 12 is the same as a period.

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End of Safety Data Sheet