

n-Propanol 10570

Version / Revision 28-Feb-2022 4.01 **Revision Date** 4.00*** **Supersedes Version** 28-Feb-2022 Issuing date

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the n-Propanol substance/preparation

CAS-No 71-23-8

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance / Intermediate **Preparation lubricant** Uses advised against None

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier OQ Chemicals Corporation

> 15375 Memorial Drive West Memorial Place I

Suite 300

Houston, TX 77079

USA

Phone +1 346 378 7300

Product Information Product Stewardship

> FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053 email: sc.psq@oq.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

NCEC +1 202 464 2554 **Emergency telephone number**

available 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200 (GHS-US classification).

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1, H318

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Category 3, H336

Flammable liquid Category 3, H226

OSHA Specified Hazards Not applicable.



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2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to §1910.1200 (GHS-US labeling).

Hazard symbol(s)



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements H226: Flammable liquid and vapor.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.

P242: Use non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapours.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.***

Response P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Storage P403 + P235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

Disposal P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback

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Vapours may form explosive mixture with air

Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation and ingestion

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	Concentration (%)
Propan-1-ol	71-23-8	> 99,8

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Wash off immediately with plenty of water. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Eyes

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Main symptoms

gastrointestinal discomfort, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, weakness, abdominal pain, vomiting.

Special hazard

central nervous system effects, Lung irritation, Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General advice

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat symptomatically. If ingested, irrigate the stomach using activated charcoal.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media



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Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of: carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback Vapours may form explosive mixture with air

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

Precautions for firefighting

Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Keep people away from and upwind of fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

Methods for cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

6.4. Reference to other sections



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For personal protective equipment see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging or handling.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Advice on the protection of the environment

See Section 8: Environmental exposure controls.

Incompatible products

strong oxidizing agents strong acids

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care. Store at temperatures not exceeding 38 °C/ 100 °F.

Unsuitable material

Attacks some forms of plastic and rubber

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits United States of America

US ACGIH

Component	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL
	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	(ppm)
Propan-1-ol		100		

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CAS: 71-23-8				
Component	Asphyxia	Carcinogenic category	Included w/o limits	Exposure as low as possible
Propan-1-ol CAS: 71-23-8		A4		

US OSHA Z-1

Component	Ceiling	Ceiling	PEL	PEL	Skin
	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	Designation
Propan-1-ol CAS: 71-23-8			500	200	

Note

For details and further information please refer to the original regulation.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate Engineering controls

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General industrial hygiene practice

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.

Suitable material nitrile rubber

according to EN 374: level 6 **Evaluation**

Glove thickness approx 0,55 mm

Break through time > 480 min

Suitable material butyl-rubber

according to EN 374: level 6 **Evaluation**

approx 0,3 mm Glove thickness



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Break through time > 480 min

Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Respiratory protection

Respirator with filter for organic vapour. Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (vapor or mist). Equipment should conform to NIOSH.

Environmental exposure controls

If possible use in closed systems. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. Observe the exposure limits, clean exhaust air if needed. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liquid Colour colourless Odour alcoholic

Odour threshold $< 0.07 - 100 \text{ mg/m}^3$ No data available Hq

Melting point/range < -130 °F (< -90 °C) (Pour point)

Method **DIN ISO 3016**

206.6 °F (97 °C) @ 1 atm (101,3 kPa) **Boiling point/range**

Method **OECD 103**

Flash point 73,4 °F (23 °C) @ 1013 hPa***

Method ISO 2719***

Evaporation rate 1,0 (n-Butyl acetate = 1)

Does not apply, the substance is a liquid Flammability (solid, gas)

Lower explosion limit 2.1 Vol % **Upper explosion limit** 13,5 Vol %

Vapour pressure

Values [hPa	a] Values [kPa]	Values [atm]	@ °C	@ °F	Method
26	2,6	0,026	20	68	DIN EN
					13016-2
133	13,3	0,133	50	122	DIN EN
					13016-2

Vapour density 2,1 (Air = 1) @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative density

Values @°C @ °F Method 0.8036 20 68 DIN 51757

Solubility miscible, in water, OECD 105 log Pow 0,2 @ 25 °C (77 °F) OECD 117*** 743 °F (395 °C) @ 1004 hPa **Autoignition temperature**



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DIN 51794 Method

Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity 2,21 mPa*s @ 68 °F (20 °C) Method ASTM D445, dynamic

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight 60.10 Molecular formula C3 H8 O

log Koc 0,633 calculated*** 16,1 (calculated)*** **Dissociation constant**

Oxidizing properties Does not apply, substance is not oxidising. There are no chemical groups

associated with oxidizing properties

Refractive Index 1,383 - 1,385 @ 68 °F (20 °C) 2021 kJ/mol @ 25 °C (77 °F) Heat of combustion

Does not apply, substance is not explosive. There are no chemical groups **Explosive properties**

associated with explosive properties

70,8 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F)), OECD 115 **Surface tension**

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents, strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information



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11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure

Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8

Main symptoms

central nervous system depression, gastrointestinal discomfort, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, weakness, abdominal pain, vomiting.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Acute toxicity				
Propan-1-ol (71-23-8)				
Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method
Oral	LD50	1870-8000 mg/kg	rat	Weight of evidence
Inhalative	LC50	> 33,8 mg/l (4 h)	rat, male/female	OECD 403
Dermal	LD50	4032 mg/kg	rabbit male***	OECD 402

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute inhalation toxicity

Irritation and corrosion				
Propan-1-ol (71-23-8)				
Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method	
Skin	rabbit	No skin irritation	OECD 404	
Eyes	rabbit	severe irritation	OECD 405	
Respiratory tract***	mouse***	RD50: 12704 ppm***		10 min***

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8

Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2***

Sensitization				
Propan-1-ol (71-23-8)				
Target Organ Effects	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Skin	mouse	not sensitizing	MEST	
Skin	guinea pig	not sensitizing	OECD 406	
Skin***	human***	not sensitizing***	Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)***	

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8



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Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Skin sensitization

For respiratory sensitization, no data are available

Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity				
Propan-1-ol (71-23-8)				
Type	Dose	Species	Method	
Subacute toxicity	NOAEC: 1000 ppm	rat, male/female	Inhalation	
Subchronic toxicity***	NOAEC: 8000	rat, male/female***	OECD 413	
_	mg/m³***		Inhalation***	

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Reproductive toxicity Propan-1-ol (71-23-8)					
Mutagenicity		CHO (Chinese Hamster Ovary) cells	negative	OECD 476 (Mammalian Gene Mutation)	In vitro study
Mutagenicity		Salmonella typhimurium	negative	OECD 471 (Ames)	In vitro study
Mutagenicity		V79 cells, Chinese hamster	negative	OECD 473 (Chromosomal Aberration)	In vitro study
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEC: 17460 mg/m ³	rat		OECD 414, Inhalative	Maternal toxicity***
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEC: 8730 mg/m ^{3***}	rat		OECD 414, Inhalative	Developmental toxicity***
Developmental Toxicity***	LOAEC: 17460 mg/m ^{3***}	rat***		OECD 414, Inhalative***	Developmental toxicity***
Reproductive toxicity***	NOEC 8730 mg/m ^{3***}	rat male/female***		OECD 413 Inhalation***	Fertility***
Reproductive toxicity***	LOAEC: 17460 mg/m ^{3***}	rat, male/female***		OECD 413 Inhalation***	Fertility***

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8

CMR Classification

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B

Evaluation

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8

Aspiration toxicity



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Based on the viscosity a potential aspiration hazard cannot be excluded

Other adverse effects

Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation and ingestion.

Note

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link:

http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity					
Propan-1-ol (71-23-8)					
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Method		
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	48h	EC50: 3644 mg/l	DIN 38412, part 11		
Gammarus pulex	48h	LC50: 1000 mg/l			
Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	48h	EC50: 9170 mg/l (Growth rate)			
Chlorella pyrenoidosa	48h	NOEC: 1150 mg/l	Growth rate		
Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)	96h	LC50: 4555 mg/l	OECD 203		
Activated sludge (domestic)	3 h	IC50: > 1000 mg/l	OECD 209		

Long term toxicity					
Propan-1-ol (71-23-8)					
Туре	Species	Dose	Method		
Reproductive toxicity***	Daphnia magna (Water flea)***	NOEC: > 100 mg/l (21d)***	OECD 211***	read across***	
Reproductive toxicity***	Daphnia magna (Water flea)***	NOEC: 68,3 mg/l (21d)***	QSAR***		
Aquatic toxicity***	Chlorella pyrenoidosa***	NOEC: 1150 mg/l***	Growth rate***		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8

Biodegradation

75 % (20 d), Readily biodegradable, Sewage, domestic, aerobic, non-adapted, Closed Bottle test.

Abiotic Degradation				
Propan-1-ol (71-23-8)				
Туре	Result	Method		
Hydrolysis	not expected			
Photolysis	Half-life (DT50): 3 d @ 23°C***			



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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Propan-1-ol (71-23-8)			
Type	Result	Method	
log Pow	0,2 @ 25 °C (77 °F)***	measured, OECD 117	
BCF	0,88	calculated	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Propan-1-ol (71-23-8)			
Туре	Result	Method	
Surface tension	70,8 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F))	OECD 115	
Adsorption/Desorption	log Koc: 0,633	calculated	
Distribution to environmental compartments	Air: 3,87% Soil: 0% Water: 96,13%		
	Sediment: 0***		

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8 PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

12.6. Other adverse effects

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product Information

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local statutes and possibilities for disposal.

Uncleaned empty packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

SECTION 14: Transport information



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D.O.T. (49CFR)

14.1. UN number UN 1274 14.2. UN proper shipping name n-Propanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Ш 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards no

14.6. Special precautions for user

Emergency Response Guide 129

ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR

UN 1274 14.1. UN number n-Propanol 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Ш 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards no

no data available 14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG

UN 1274 14.1. UN number n-Propanol 14.2. UN proper shipping name

3 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Ш 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

F-E, S-D

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II

of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Product name n-Propyl alcohol

Ship type 3 Pollution category Υ

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Federal and State Regulations

Components of the product are listed in the quoted regulations. For details please refer to the regulations directly. This list is not exhaustive, please check for other applicable regulations.

Federal Regulations



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This product is listed on the TSCA inventory

State Regulations

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8

CA Hazardous Substances (Director's) List

MA RTK List

MN Hazardous Substances List

NY RTK List PA RTK List RI RTK List

International Inventories

Propan-1-ol, CAS: 71-23-8

AICS (AU) DSL (CA) IECSC (CN)

EC-No. 2007469 (EU)

ENCS (2)-207 (JP)

ISHL (2)-207 (JP)

KECI KÉ-29362 (KR)

INSQ (MX)

PICCS (PH)

TSCA (US)

NZIoC (NZ)***

TCSI (TW)

SECTION 16: Other information

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Hazard Rating Systems

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)

Health Hazard 1
Fire Hazard 3
Reactivity 0

HMIS (Hazardous Material Information System)

Health Hazard 2 Flammability 3 Physical Hazard 0

Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.



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Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by ***. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage (www.chemicals.og.com).

The use of a comma in section 3 and section 7 to 12 is the same as a period.

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet