

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Isononanoic acid  
10310

Version / Revision 4  
Supersedes Version 3.02

Revision Date 04-May-2020  
Issuing date 15-May-2020

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the substance/preparation

**Isononanoic acid**

Chemical Name 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid  
CAS-No 3302-10-1  
EC No. 221-975-0  
Registration number (REACH) 01-2119517580-45

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Intermediate  
Formulation  
Distribution of substance  
Functional Fluids  
Lubricants and lubricant additives  
Metal working fluids / rolling oils  
laboratory chemicals

Uses advised against None

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company/Undertaking Identification **OQ Chemicals GmbH**  
Rheinpromenade 4A  
D-40789 Monheim  
Germany

Product Information Product Stewardship  
FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053  
email: sc.psq@oq.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number +65 3158 1198 (available 24/7)  
000800 100 7479 (for domestic shipments only)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified based on Directive 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation)

Acute oral toxicity Category 4, H302  
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2, H315  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1, H318

Additional information

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



10310  
Isononanoic acid

Revision Date  
Version / Revision

04-May-2020  
4

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements see SECTION 16.

## 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation).

### Hazard pictograms



### Signal word

**Danger**

### Hazard statements

H302: Harmful if swallowed.  
H315: Causes skin irritation.  
H318: Causes serious eye damage.

### Precautionary statements

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P301 + P330: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth  
P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

## 2.3. Other hazards

Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming

### PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

## SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	REACH-No	1272/2008/EC	Concentration (%)
3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid	3302-10-1	01-2119517580-45	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318	88 - 100

### Remarks

Mixture of isomeric Isononanoic acids, mainly 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid.  
For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements see SECTION 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



**10310**  
**Isononanoic acid**

**Revision Date**  
**Version / Revision**

04-May-2020  
4

## Eyes

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

## Skin

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

## Ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Main symptoms

cough, headache, nausea, shortness of breath.

### Special hazard

Lung irritation, Lung oedema.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

### General advice

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat symptomatically. If ingested, flush stomach and compensate acidosis.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), water spray

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of:

carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons

Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### Special protective equipment for firefighters

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

#### Precautions for firefighting

Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Water run-off and vapor cloud may be corrosive. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Keep people away from and upwind of fire.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



10310  
Isononanoic acid

Revision Date  
Version / Revision

04-May-2020  
4

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant).

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Methods for containment

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

#### Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

#### Advice on the protection of the environment

See Section 8: Environmental exposure controls.

#### Incompatible products

bases  
amines

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



10310  
Isononanoic acid

Revision Date  
Version / Revision

04-May-2020  
4

warming.

### Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care. Keep at temperatures between 0 and 38 °C (32 and 100 °F).

### Suitable material

stainless steel

### Unsuitable material

mild steel, copper, brass, including their alloys

### Temperature class

T2

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Intermediate  
Formulation  
Distribution of substance  
Functional Fluids  
Lubricants and lubricant additives  
Metal working fluids / rolling oils  
laboratory chemicals

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits India

No exposure limits established.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Appropriate Engineering controls

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

#### Personal protective equipment

#### **General industrial hygiene practice**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Hygiene measures**

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

#### **Hand protection**

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



10310  
Isononanoic acid

Revision Date  
Version / Revision

04-May-2020  
4

**Suitable material** nitrile rubber  
**Evaluation** according to EN 374: level 6  
**Glove thickness** approx 0,55 mm  
**Break through time** > 480 min

**Suitable material** polyvinylchloride  
**Evaluation** Information derived from practical experience  
**Glove thickness** approx 0.8 mm

## Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

Equipment should conform to EN 166

## Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

## Environmental exposure controls

If possible use in closed systems. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. Observe the exposure limits, clean exhaust air if needed. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** liquid @ 20 °C (68 °F)  
**Colour** colourless  
**Odour** slightly acidic  
**Odour threshold** No data available  
**pH** 4,4 (0,1 g/l in water @ 20 °C (68 °F)) DIN 19268  
**Melting point/range** approx. -77 °C (Pour point)  
**Boiling point/range** 236 °C @ 1013 hPa  
**Flash point** 117 °C  
**Method** ISO 2719, @ 1013 hPa  
**Evaporation rate** No data available  
**Flammability (solid, gas)** Does not apply, the substance is a liquid  
**Lower explosion limit** 1,2 Vol %  
**Upper explosion limit** No data available

#### Vapour pressure

Values [hPa]	Values [kPa]	Values [atm]	@ °C	@ °F	Method
0,0046	0,00046	< 0,001	20	68	
4,5	0,45	0,004	50	122	

**Vapour density** No data available

#### Relative density

Values	@ °C	@ °F	Method
0,900	20	68	DIN 51757
0,876	50	122	DIN 51757

**Solubility** 0,7 g/l @ 20 °C, in water, OECD 105

**log Pow** 3,2 (measured), OECD 117

**Autoignition temperature** 320 - 415 °C

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



10310  
Isononanoic acid

Revision Date  
Version / Revision

04-May-2020  
4

Method	DIN 51794 @ 1009 hPa
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	11,47 mPa*s @ 20 °C
Method	DIN 51562, dynamic
Oxidizing properties	Does not apply, substance is not oxidising. There are no chemical groups associated with oxidizing properties
Explosive properties	Does not apply, substance is not explosive. There are no chemical groups associated with explosive properties

## 9.2. Other information

Molecular weight	158,23
Molecular formula	C9 H18 O2
log Koc	2,9 @ pH 4 1,99 @ pH 7 calculated
Dissociation constant	pKa not determinable due to low water solubility @ 20°C (68°F) OECD 112
Refractive index	1,429 @ 20 °C
Surface tension	35,3 mN/m (0,63 g/l @ 20°C (68°F)), OECD 115

## SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

bases, amines.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure      Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

#### Acute toxicity

#### 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid (3302-10-1)

Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method
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# SAFETY DATA SHEET



10310  
Isononanoic acid

Revision Date  
Version / Revision

04-May-2020  
4

Oral	LD50	1160 mg/kg	rat, male/female	OECD 401
Dermal	LD50	> 2000 mg/kg	rat, male/female	read across

## 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid, CAS: 3302-10-1

### Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2  
For acute inhalation toxicity, no data are available

### Irritation and corrosion

#### 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid (3302-10-1)

Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method	
Skin	rabbit	irritating	OECD 404	in vivo
Eyes	rabbit	severe irritation	OECD 405	in vivo

## 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid, CAS: 3302-10-1

### Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2  
For respiratory irritation, no data are available

### Sensitization

#### 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid (3302-10-1)

Target Organ Effects	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Skin	guinea pig	not sensitizing	OECD 406	read across

## 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid, CAS: 3302-10-1

### Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:  
Skin sensitization  
For respiratory sensitization, no data are available

### Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity

#### 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid (3302-10-1)

Type	Dose	Species	Method	
Subacute toxicity	LOAEL: 200 mg/kg/d (28d)	rat, male/female	OECD 407	Oral

## 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid, CAS: 3302-10-1

### Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:  
STOT RE

### Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Reproductive toxicity

#### 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid (3302-10-1)

Type	Dose	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Mutagenicity		Salmonella typhimurium	negative	OECD 471 (Ames)	In vitro study
Mutagenicity		Escherichia coli	negative	OECD 472	In vitro study
Mutagenicity		CHO (Chinese Hamster Ovary) cells	ambiguous	OECD 473 (Chromosomal Aberration)	In vitro study
Mutagenicity		V79 cells, Chinese hamster	negative	OECD 476 (Mammalian Gene Mutation)	In vitro study



# SAFETY DATA SHEET



10310  
Isononanoic acid

Revision Date  
Version / Revision

04-May-2020  
4

Reproductive toxicity	LOAEL 165 - 500 mg/kg/d	rat, parental, female		OECD 415	Oral
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL 79 - 228 mg/kg/d	rat, parental, female		OECD 415	Oral
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 60 mg/kg/d	rat		OECD 414, Oral	Oral

## 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid, CAS: 3302-10-1

### CMR Classification

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B

### Evaluation

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

## 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid, CAS: 3302-10-1

### Main symptoms

cough, headache, nausea, shortness of breath.

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:  
STOT SE

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:  
STOT RE

### Aspiration toxicity

no data available

### Note

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link:

<http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances>.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity			
3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid (3302-10-1)			
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Method
Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96h	LC50: 123 mg/l	OECD 203
Activated sludge (bacteriae)	3 h	EC50: 470 mg/l	OECD 209
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	48h	EC50: 68 mg/l	OECD 202
Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72h	EC50: 81 mg/l (Growth rate)	OECD 201
Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72h	EC50: 51 mg/l (Biomass)	OECD 201

### Long term toxicity

#### 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid (3302-10-1)

Type	Species	Dose	Method
Aquatic toxicity	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	NOEC: 10 mg/l	OECD 201

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



10310  
Isononanoic acid

Revision Date  
Version / Revision

04-May-2020  
4

## 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid, CAS: 3302-10-1

### Biodegradation

96 % (21 d), activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted, aerobic, OECD 301 A / ISO 7827.

### Abiotic Degradation

#### 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid (3302-10-1)

Type	Result	Method
Hydrolysis	No data available	
Photolysis	Rate constant: $0,52-1 \times 10^{(-11)}$ $\text{cm}^3/(\text{molecule} \times \text{s})$	calculated

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid (3302-10-1)

Type	Result	Method
log Pow	3,2	measured, OECD 117
BCF	3,1 - 7 @ 0,1 mg/l	OECD 305 C
BCF	0,5 - 1,7 @ 1 mg/l	OECD 305 C

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

#### 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid (3302-10-1)

Type	Result	Method
Surface tension	35,3 mN/m (0,63 g/l @ 20°C (68°F))	OECD 115
Distribution to environmental compartments	Soil: 12,6 %	calculated
Adsorption/Desorption	log Koc: 2,9 @ pH 4	calculated
Adsorption/Desorption	log Koc: 1,99 @ pH 7	calculated

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid, CAS: 3302-10-1

### PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

#### 3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid, CAS: 3302-10-1

No data available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Product Information

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



10310  
Isononanoic acid

Revision Date  
Version / Revision

04-May-2020  
4

statutes and possibilities for disposal.  
Hazardous waste according to European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

### Uncleaned empty packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### Section 14.1 - 14.6

#### ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR

Not restricted

#### IMDG

Not restricted

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Product name	Nonanoic acid
Ship type	3
Pollution category	Y

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

not listed

#### International Inventories

#### **3,5,5-Trimethylhexanoic acid, CAS: 3302-10-1**

AICS (AU)  
DSL (CA)  
IECSC (CN)  
EC-No. 2219750 (EU)  
ENCS (2)-608 (JP)  
ISHL (2)-608 (JP)  
KECI KE-34559 (KR)  
PICCS (PH)  
TSCA (US)  
NZIoC-NZ May be used as single component chemical  
TCSI (TW)

#### National regulatory information India

#### **Hazardous Chemicals, Schedule 2: Threshold Quantities at an Isolated Storage**

not listed

#### **Hazardous Chemicals, Schedule 3: Threshold Quantities in an Industrial Installation**

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



10310  
Isononanoic acid

Revision Date  
Version / Revision

04-May-2020  
4

not listed

For details and further information please refer to the original regulation.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302: Harmful if swallowed.  
H315: Causes skin irritation.  
H318: Causes serious eye damage.

### Abbreviations

A table of terms and abbreviations can be found under the following link:  
[http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13632/information\\_requirements\\_r20\\_en.pdf](http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13632/information_requirements_r20_en.pdf)

### Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

### Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

### Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by \*\*\*. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage ([www.chemicals.oq.com](http://www.chemicals.oq.com)).

### Disclaimer

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**